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PHONY BURGLAR ALARM

Scare off burglars without emptying your wallet with this simple, inexpensive electronic "scarecrow."

IT'S A SAD COMMENTARY THAT THESE days a burglar alarm is becoming as common a household "appliance" as a refrigerator or a dishwasher. But burglar alarms are not inexpensive. Most will cost a few hundred dollars, and some elaborate systems could cost a thousand dollars or more.

If your household possessions are simply not worth that kind of outlay, there is a very inexpensive alternative. Most burglars are burglars because it's the easiest way they know of to make a fast buck. When they look for a house to ransack, they try to find the easiest target. The trick, then, is to make your house look like it is protected by a sophisticated alarm system. That can be done for less than \$20 with the circuit described here.

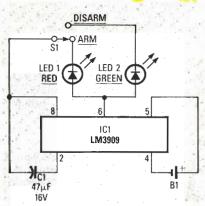


FIG. 1—IT'S NOT A REAL BURGLAR ALARM, but this "electronic scarecrow" can do almost as good a job as a real one when it comes to scaring away a burglar.

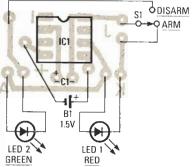


FIG. 2—THE CIRCUIT CAN BE BUILT on a tiny PC board. The pattern is provided in our PC Service section.

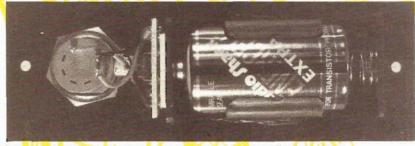


FIG. 3—THE CIRCUIT SHOULD be assembled on a piece of anodized aluminum.

An electronic scarecrow

No burglar alarm will make your home absolutely burglar proof. If you have something a burglar wants badly, and the burglar is a professional, he'll find a way to defeat the alarm. Otherwise, an alarm's principal value is as an "electronic scarecrow." Seeing that the house is protected, a burglar will move on to easier pickings.

How does a burglar know that there is an alarm? Most alarm systems have their sensors hidden from view, so frequently the only sign of an alarm system is a status display located near the entrance. That display usually consists of a red and a green LED that show whether or not the system is armed.

By now you may have guessed where we are headed: Since the presence of an alarm-status display alone is enough sometimes to scare off a burglar, why not set up a dummy display and do away with the rest of the system? That's precisely

PARTS LIST

Miscellaneous: PC or perforated-con-

struction board, anodized aluminum pan-

The following are available from En-

berg Electronics, PO Box 55087, Indi-

anapolis, IN 46205: Complete kit,

including anodized aluminum cover.

\$18.95; assembled unit, \$22.95;

anodized cover, \$2.50; PC board.

\$2.50. Indiana residents please add 5%

el, battery holder, wire, solder, etc.

C1-47 µF, 16 volts, electrolytic

IC1-LM3909 LED flasher IC

LED1—green jumbo LED

LED2—red jumbo LED S1—SPST, key switch

B1-1.5 volts, "C" cell

what our circuit does. Of course it won't give you the degree of security that a real alarm-system would, but its cost is much, much lower.

The schematic diagram of the circuit is shown in Fig. 1. The circuit is extremely simple and is built around an LM3909 LED flasher IC. With the value of C1 shown, the circuit will flash an LED at a rate of 5.5 times-per-second. It is powered by an alkaline "C"-size cell; estimated battery life is 15 months.

Switch SI should be a key type as is typically found in burglar-alarm installations. The switch should be mounted on the dummy status-display's front panel to give the set up a more realistic look.

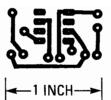
Building the circuit

The circuit is simple enough to be built on a piece of perforated construction board. If you wish to use a PC board, an appropriate pattern is shown in our PC Service section. The parts-placement diagram for the board is shown in Fig. 2.

Two construction details bear special mention. One is the lead length of the LED's. They should be ½-inch long to allow for flexibility when mounting the board (more on that in a moment). Secondly, the lead length of C1 should be kept to an absolute minimum. Be sure that the bottom of that electrolytic capacitor is flush with the board.

The circuit is mounted on a piece of anodized aluminum. Size is not critical, as long as it is appropriate for the task. The author's prototype was $1\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. The other side of the aluminum piece will serve as the dummy status-panel.

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OUR ELECTRONIC SCARECROW can help chase away a less than determined burglar. If you chose to build that circuit on a PC board, here's a pattern that's approriate.