

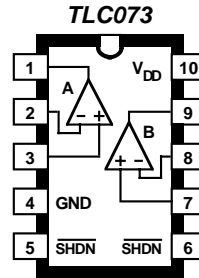
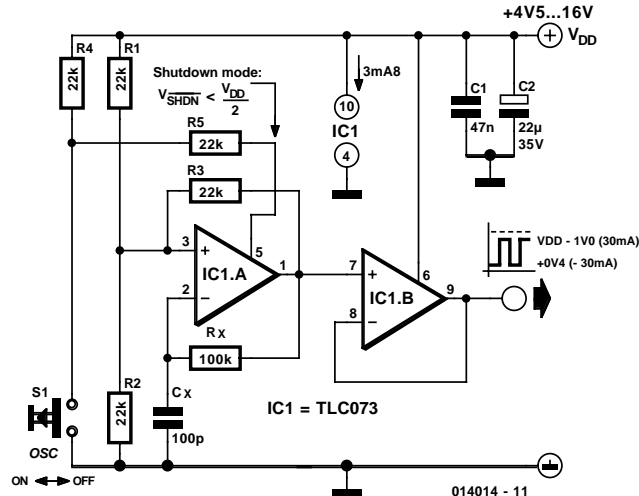
Squarewave Oscillator Using TLC073

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The new range of low-noise, high-speed and low-distortion BiMOS op-amps from Texas Instruments, type TLC070 to TLC075, is intended for use in instrumentation, audio and automotive applications. This oscillator is an ideal example of its application: a stable, highly accurate squarewave at frequencies up to 60 kHz can be produced with an output current of ± 30 mA.

The TLC073, a dual op-amp with shutdown function, is used here. IC1a is configured as a standard squarewave generator, IC1b as a driver. The frequency of oscillation depends on C_x and R_x and is calcu-



lated (for frequencies up to 20 kHz) as follows:

$$f = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{7000} \times \sqrt[3]{R_x \times C_x + \sqrt{2} \times R_x \times C_x}}$$

where R_x is measured in Ohms and C_x in Farads.

The table shows preferred values that give various frequencies. Note that the frequency variation is largely determined by the capacitor, since R_x must always be significantly larger than feedback resistor R_3 . The effect of supply voltage, at -130 dB, is negligibly small, and the temperature coefficient of frequency is very low: only 1.5 %. At frequencies above 20 kHz the oscillator remains stable, but increasingly non-linear.

The mark-space ratio of the signal can be adjusted in the range 10% to 90% by changing the ratio of resistors R_1 to R_2 . If the two resistors are equal, the output is symmetrical. The output of the driver swings between + 0.3 V (low) and 1 V below the supply voltage (high).

The oscillator is switched on and off via the shutdown input of IC1a. The output of the opamp goes to high impedance and the current consumption drops to 35 nA.

The oscillator can of course be built using the common or garden TL071 ($U_b = 7$ V, $U_{out} = 1.2/6.2$ V, $I_{out} = 1.75$ mA, $f_{max} = 50$ kHz). As can be seen, the output drive capability

BiMOS opamp family TLC07x

The new family of BiMOS opamps types TLC070 to TLC075 replaces the older TL070 family of BiFET amplifiers. The new components incorporate some significant advances:

- Very low noise (7 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$)
- Low harmonic and non-harmonic distortion (0.002 % at $A = 1$)
- Bandwidth 10 MHz, slew rate 16 V/ μs
- Input quiescent current only 1.5 pA
- Offset voltage 60 μV
- Output current ± 50 mA
- Supply voltage rejection -130 dB
- Quiescent current consumption 1.9 mA per opamp
- Symmetric (± 2.25 to 8 V) or single supply voltage (+ 4.5 to 16 V)
- Shutdown function for each opamp (TLC070, TLC073 and TLC075 only)
- Single, dual and quad opamps available in DIP, SO and TSSOP packages

is rather lower.

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	60 kHz	10 kHz	6 kHz	3 kHz	400 Hz	50 Hz
f	60 kHz	10 kHz	6 kHz	3 kHz	400 Hz	50 Hz
C_x	100 pF	680 pF	1 nF	1 nF	10 nF	68 nF
R_x	100 k Ω	100 k Ω	100 k Ω	220 k Ω	180 k Ω	220 k Ω