

McIntosh

MX 115

FM TUNER PREAMP



SERVICE INFORMATION

STARTING WITH SERIAL NO. AB1001

McINTOSH LABORATORY INC. 2 CHAMBERS STREET BINGHAMTON, NEW YORK

MX 115

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FM TUNER SECTION

USEABLE SENSITIVITY

2.5 microvolts at 100% modulation (± 75 kHz deviation) for 3% total noise and harmonic distortion IHF.

SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO

70 dB below 100% modulation.

CAPTURE RATIO

1.5 dB minimum.

HARMONIC DISTORTION

Mono: Does not exceed 0.3% at 100% modulation ± 75 kHz deviation.

Stereo: Does not exceed 0.7%.

AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE

± 1 dB 20 Hz to 15,000 Hz with standard de-emphasis (75 μ sec.) and 19,000 Hz pilot filter.

SELECTIVITY

ADJACENT CHANNEL:

6 dB minimum IHF in "NORMAL" Position.
15 dB minimum IHF in "NARROW" Position.

ALTERNATE CHANNEL:

58 dB minimum IHF in "NORMAL" Position.
88 dB minimum IHF in "NARROW" Position.

SPURIOUS REJECTION

90 dB IHF minimum.

IMAGE REJECTION

95 dB minimum, 88 MHz - 108 MHz.

STEREO SEPARATION

35 dB at 1,000 Hz.

SCA FILTER

50 dB rejection from 67 kHz to 74 kHz.
275 dB per octave slope.

PREAMPLIFIER SECTION

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

± 0.5 dB, 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz.

DISTORTION

Less than 0.1% at 2.5 volts 20Hz to 20 kHz.

INPUT SENSITIVITY (phono 1 and phono 2)

2 millivolts for 2.5 volts output at 1 kHz.

INPUT SENSITIVITY (aux, tape)

0.25 volts for 2.5 volts output.

HUM AND NOISE (phono 1 and phono 2)

72 dB below 10 millivolt input.

HUM AND NOISE (aux, tape)

85 dB below rated output.

OUTPUT (main)

2.5 volts with rated input. Up to 10 volts can be developed without distortion. FM and AM will produce up to 10 volts output at 100% modulation.

OUTPUT (tape)

0.25 volts with rated input. Phono input signal of 10 millivolts produces 1.2 volts output. FM and AM will produce 1.2 volts output at 100% modulation.

OUTPUT (center channel)

2 volts with rated input to both channels.

BASS CONTROL

-18 dB to +16 dB at 20 Hz.

TREBLE CONTROL

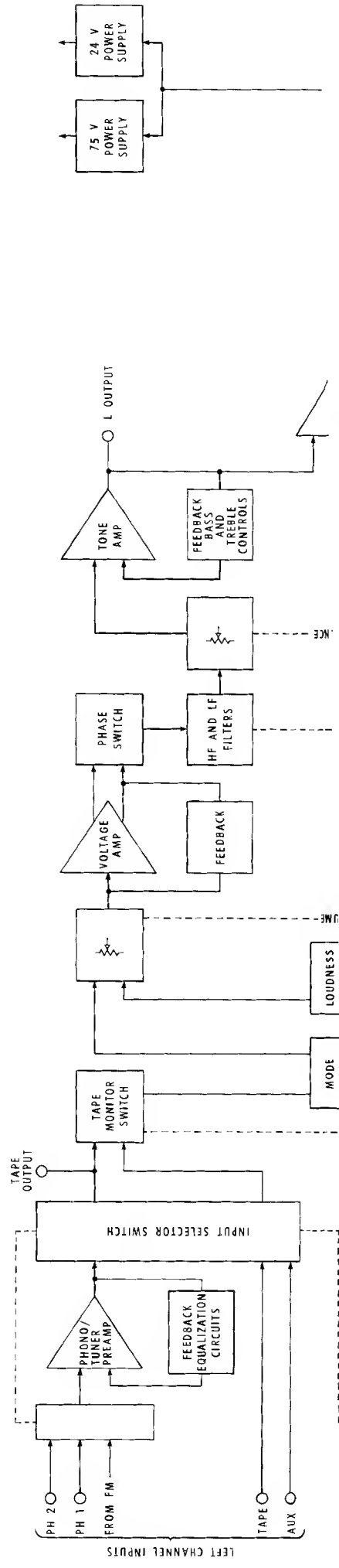
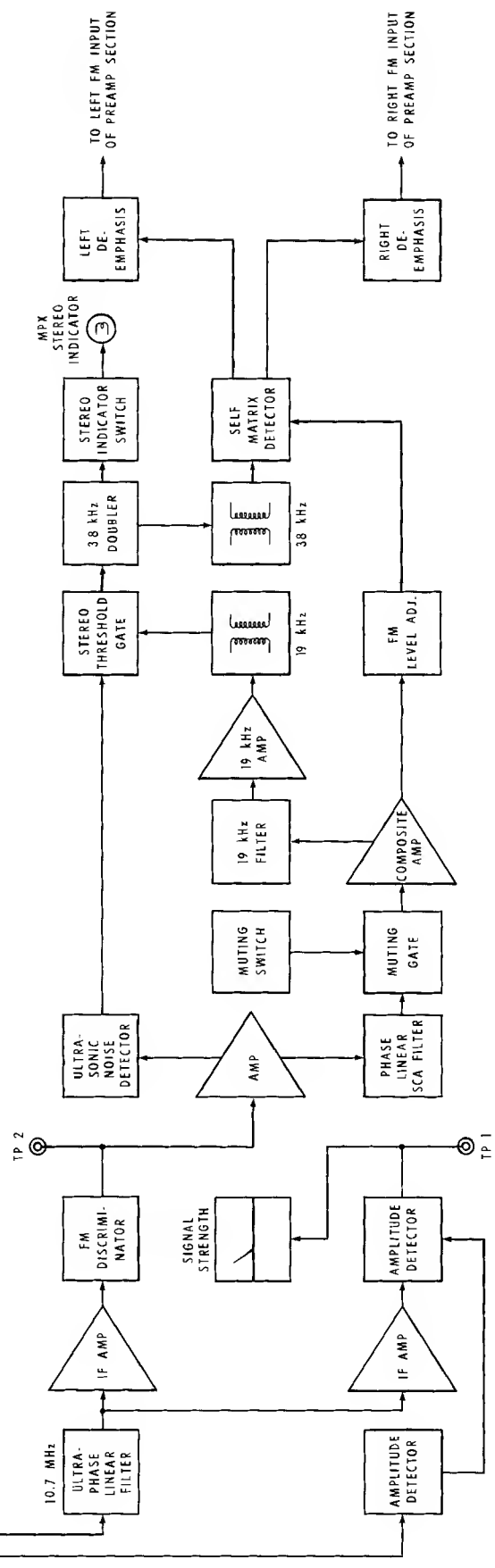
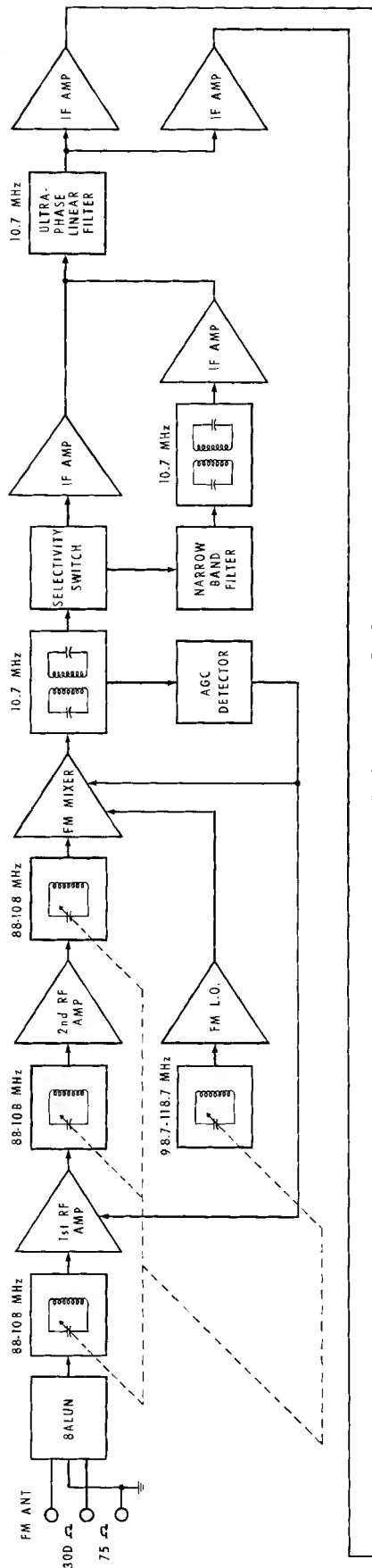
± 20 dB to 20,000 Hz.

LF FILTER

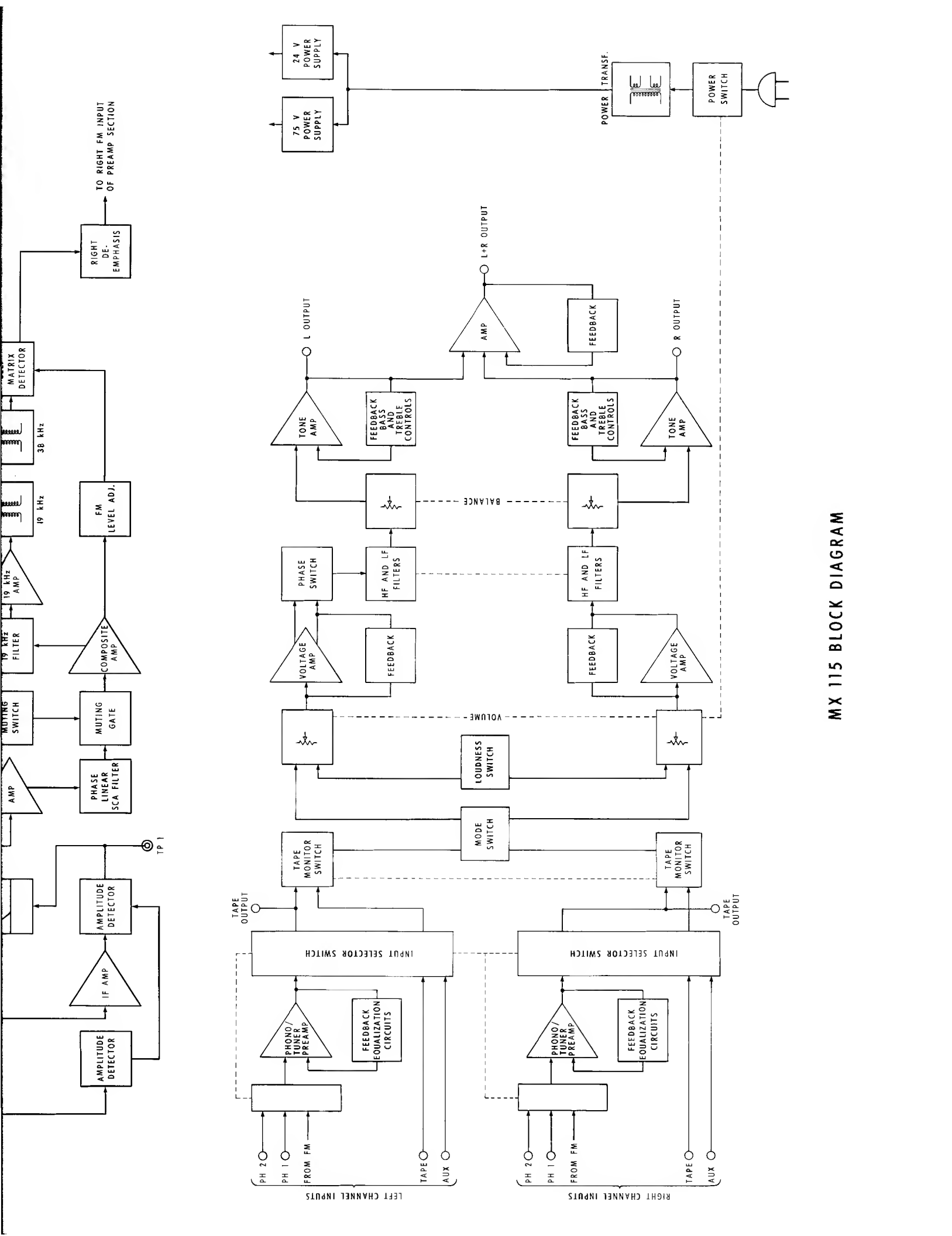
Flat or roll off below 50 Hz, down 12 dB at 20 Hz.

HF FILTER

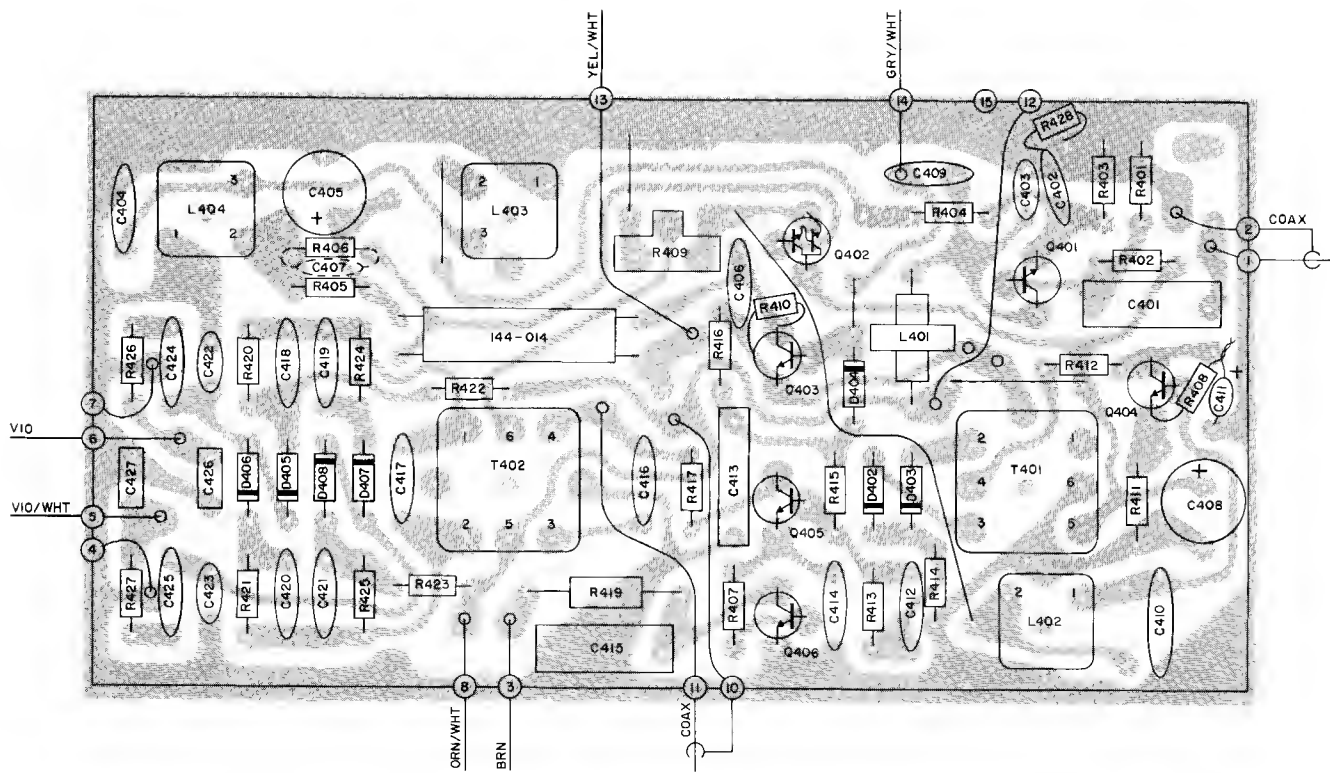
Flat or roll off above 5000 Hz, down 12 dB at 20,000 Hz.



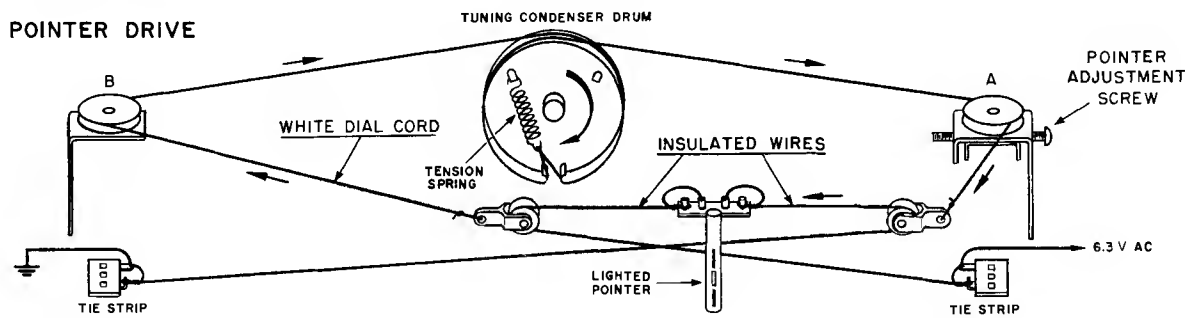
LEFT CHANNEL INPUTS



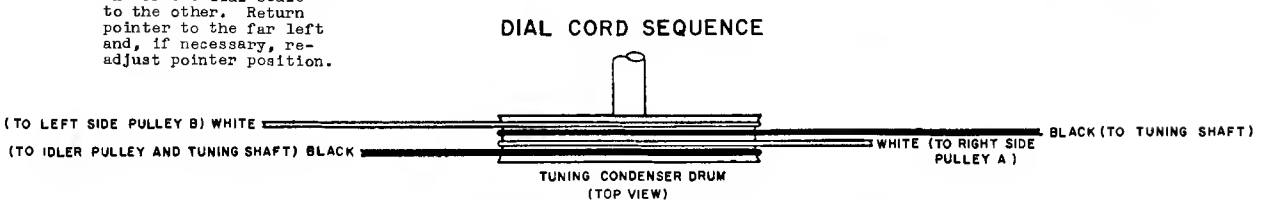
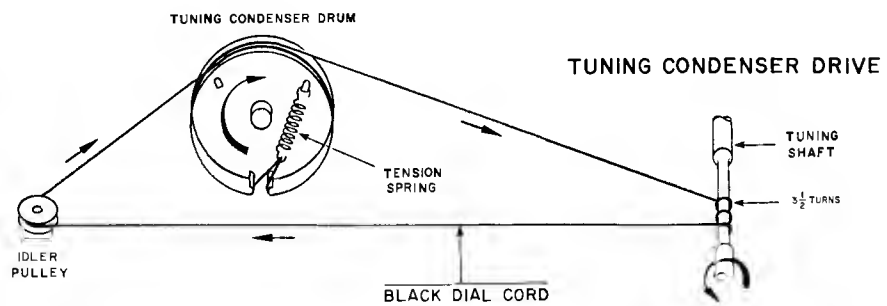
MX 115 BLOCK DIAGRAM



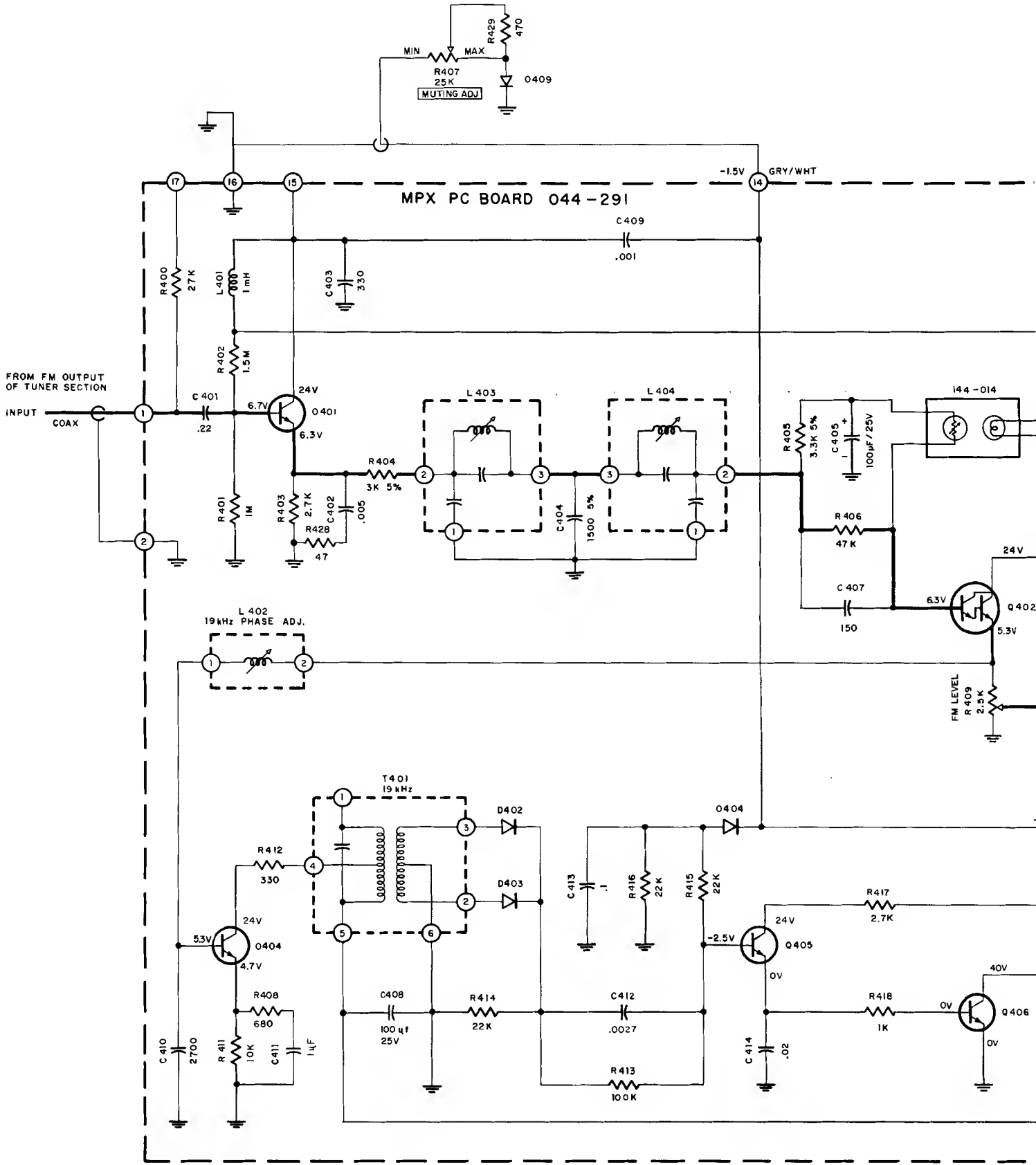
MPX PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 044-291



- Step 1 Before stringing unit, turn pointer adjustment screw until pulley "A" is in the center of its travel.
- Step 2 String unit as shown.
- Step 3 After stringing unit, turn tuning shaft until pointer is as far to the left as it will go. Turn the pointer adjustment screw until the pointer coincides with the zero bar of the logging scale.
- Step 4 Turn the tuning knob making the pointer move back and forth from one end of the dial scale to the other. Return pointer to the far left and, if necessary, re-adjust pointer position.



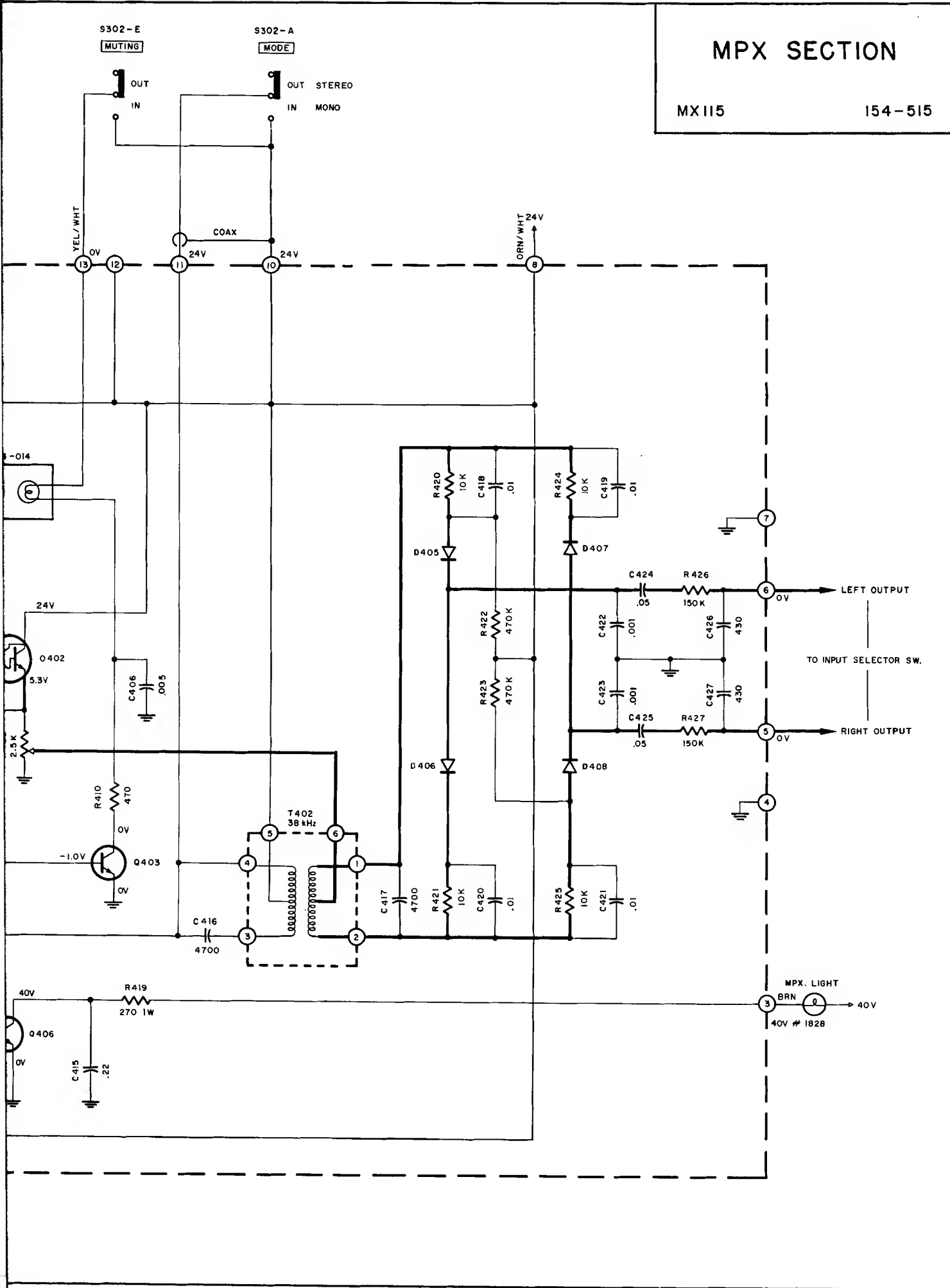
POINTER DIAL STRINGING



MPX SECTION

MX115

154-515



SCHEMATIC NOTES

Unless otherwise specified: Resistance values are in ohms, 1/4 watt, and 10% tolerance; capacitance values smaller than 1 are in microfarads (μF); capacitance values greater than 1 are in picofarads (pF); inductors are in microhenries (μH).

Printed circuit board components are outlined on the schematics by dotted lines. The circled numbers around the dotted lines correspond to the numbers on the PC Board layouts.

The heavy lines on the schematics denote the primary signal path.

The terminal numbering of rotary switches is for reference only.

All voltages indicated on the schematics are measured under the following conditions:

- a. Use of an 11 megohm input impedance VTVM.
- b. All voltages $\pm 10\%$ with respect to chassis ground.
- c. No signal at input or antenna terminals.
- d. AC input at 120 volts, 50/60 Hz.
- e. Front panel controls at:

Tuning indicator 100 MHz (no signal)

Volume Fully CCW

Mode Stereo

Muting Out

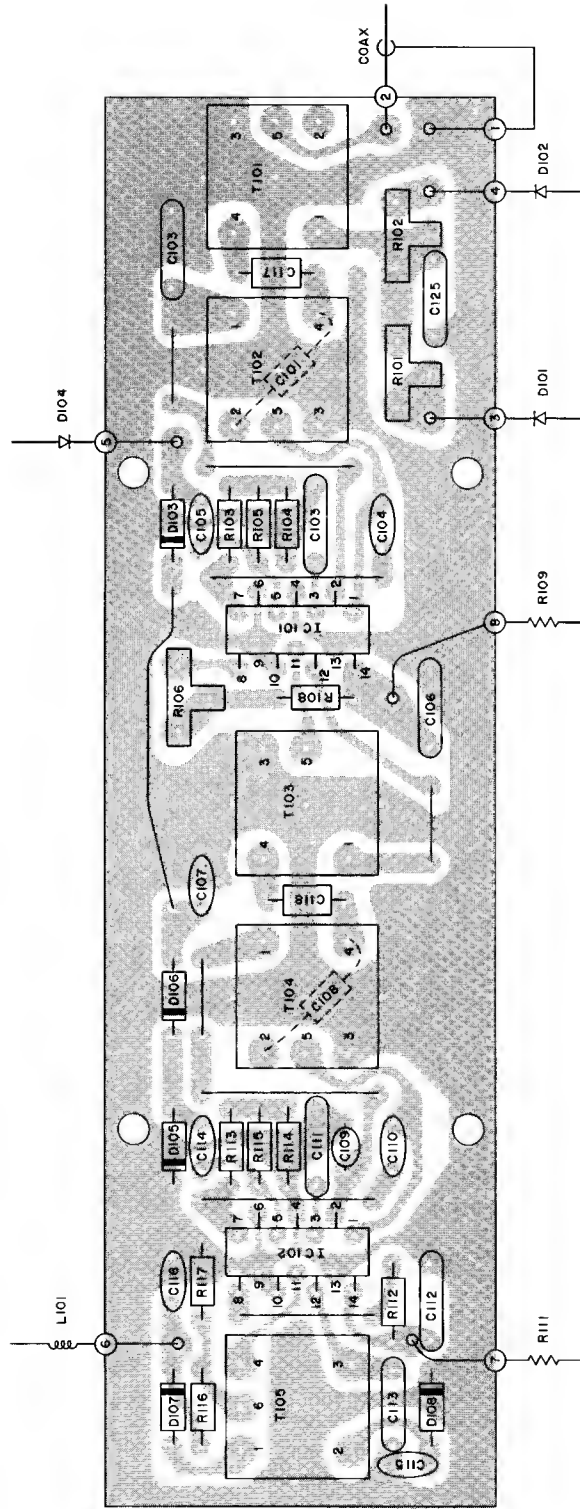
Input Selector FM

Panel Lights Bright

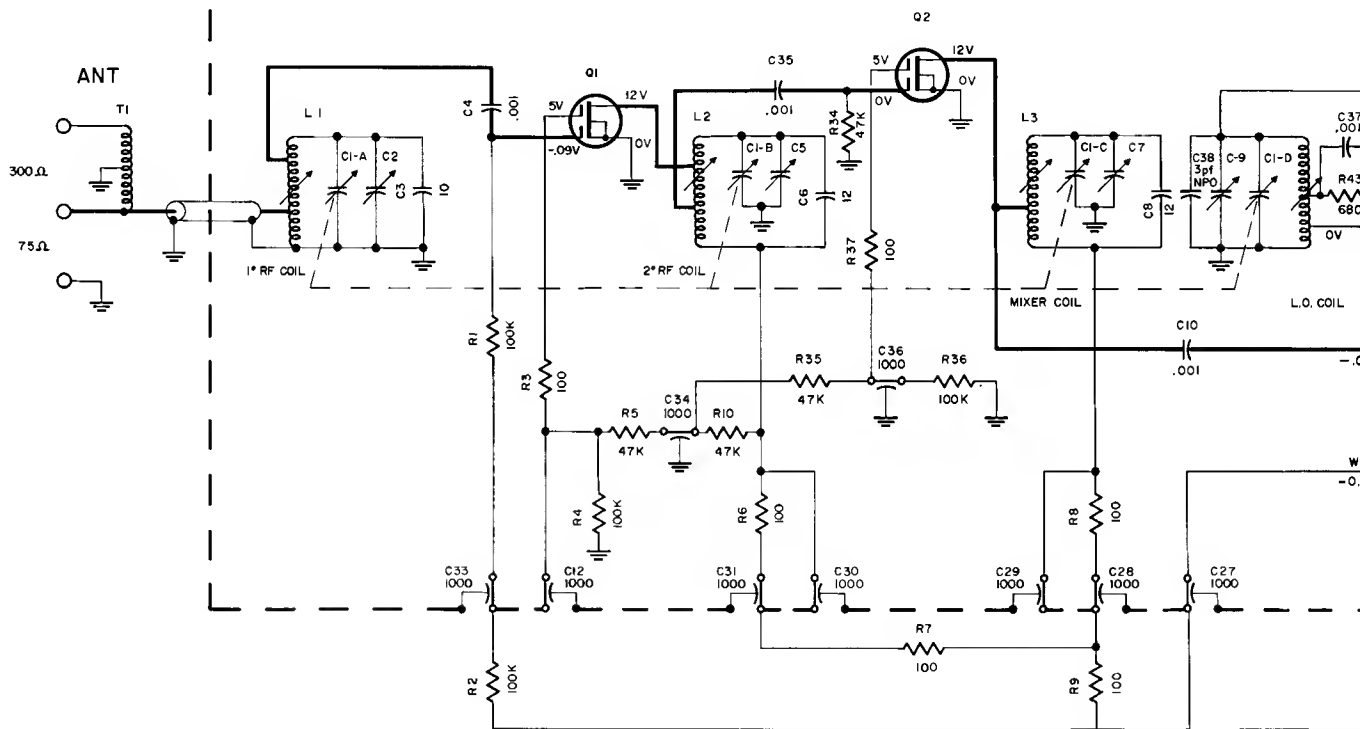
Selectivity Out

- f. Voltages shown in rectangles are measured with selectivity switch in the "In" position.

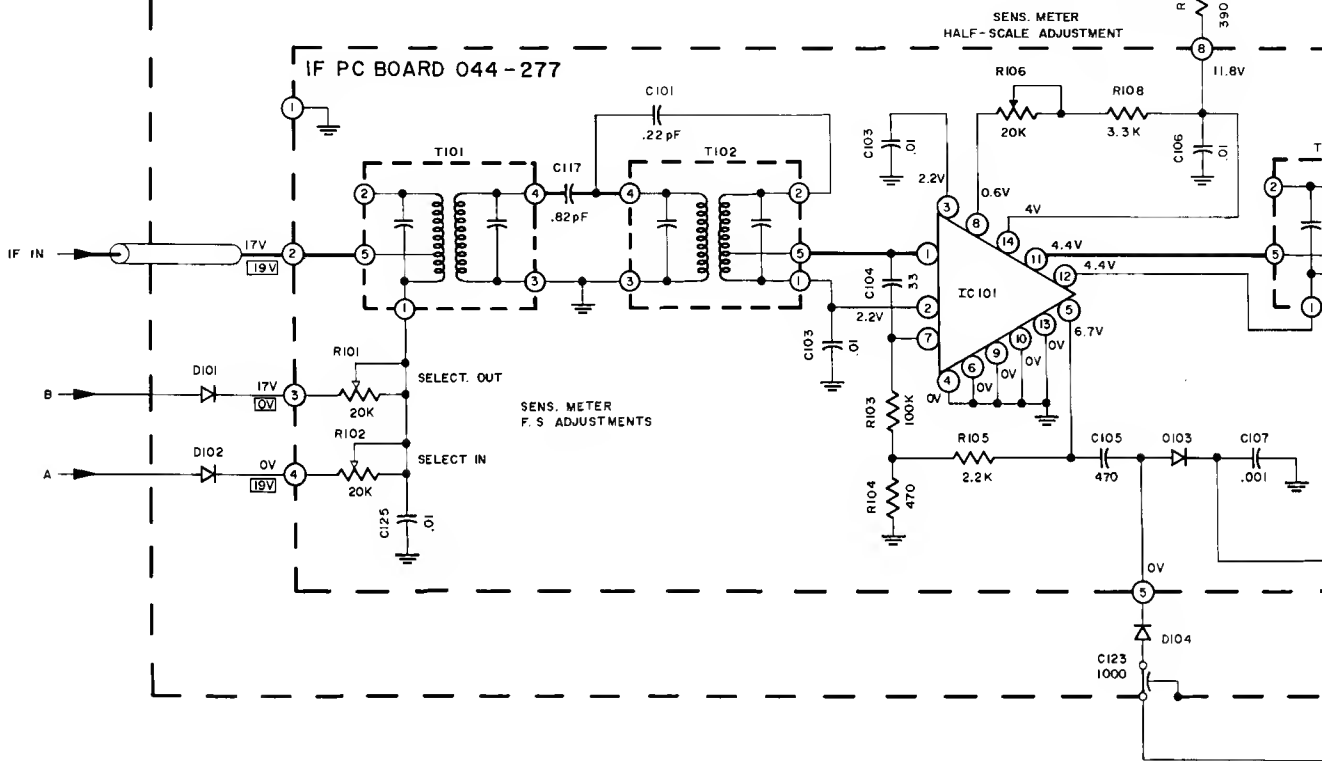
IF PC BOARD 044-277



RF CHASSIS

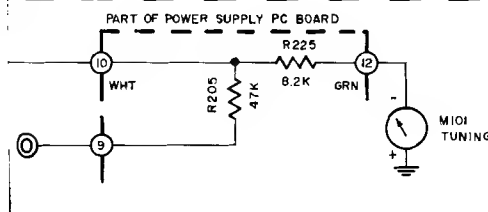
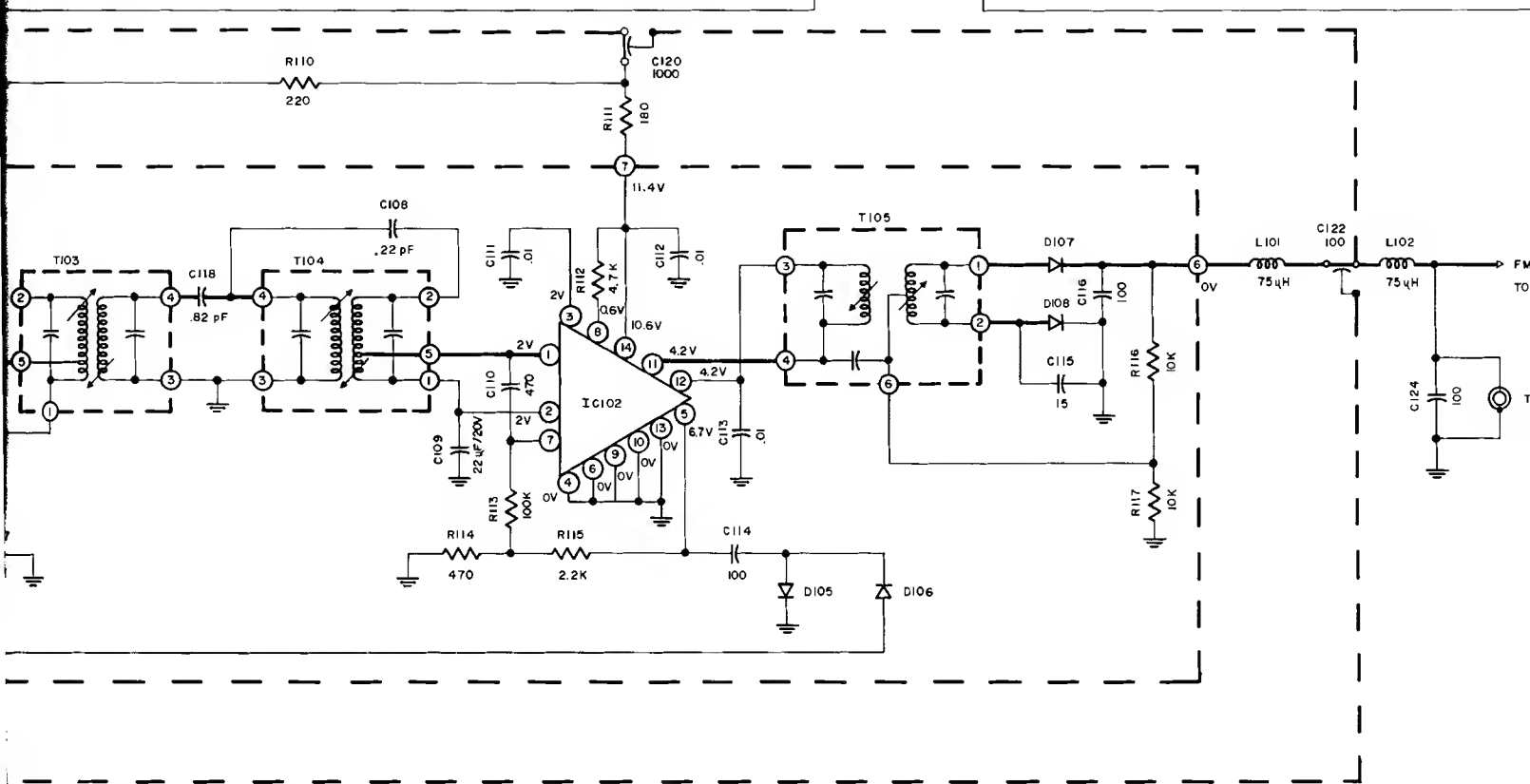
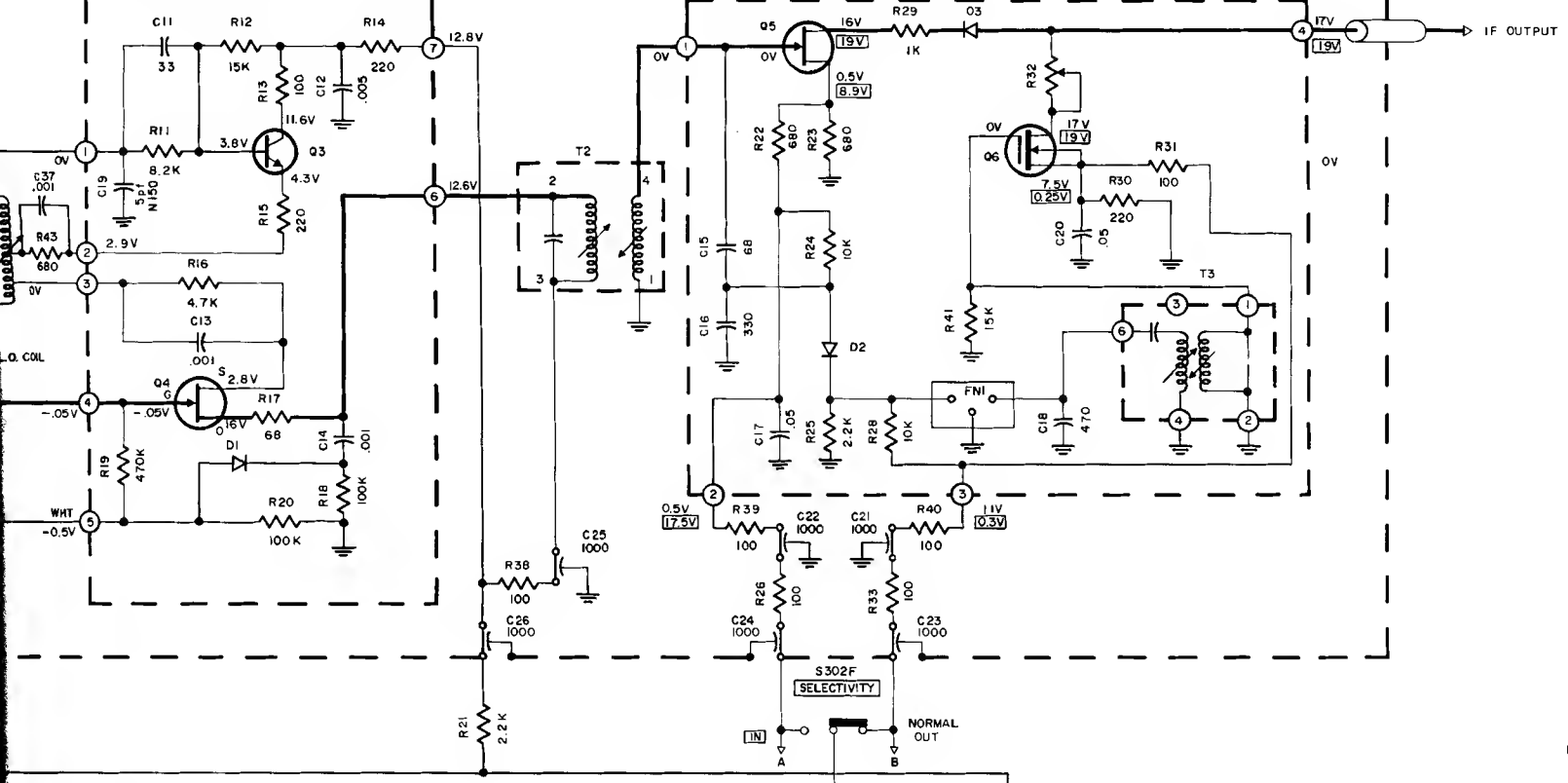


IF CHASSIS



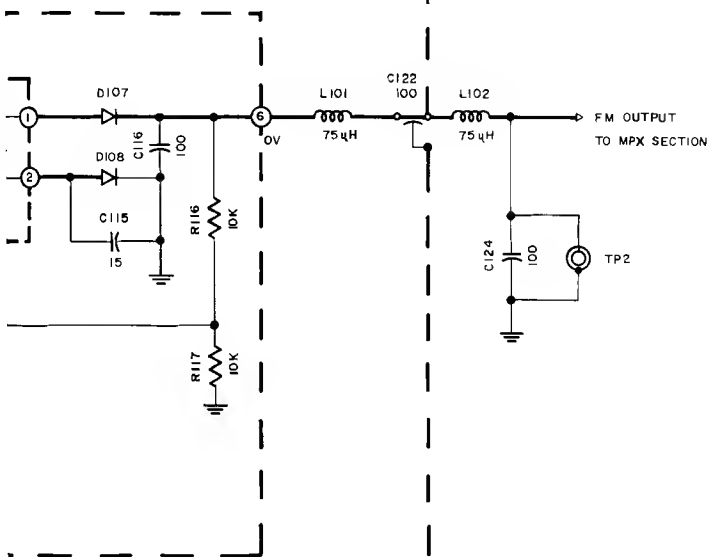
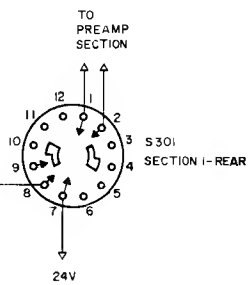
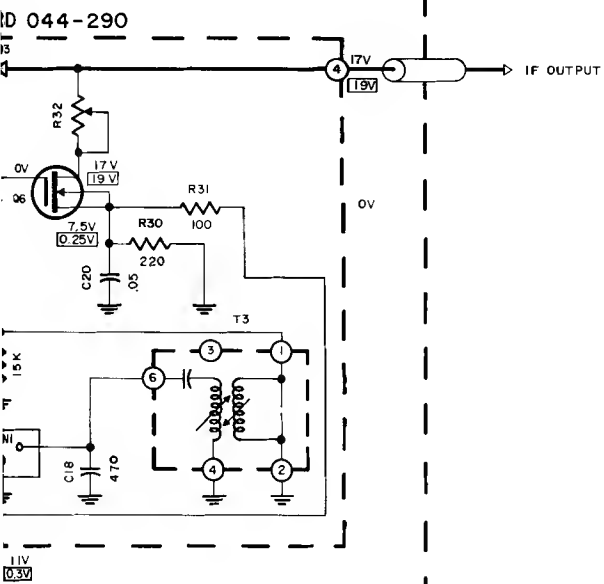
LO & MIXER PC BOARD 044-292

VARIABLE SELECT PC BOARD 044-290



FM TUNER S

MX115

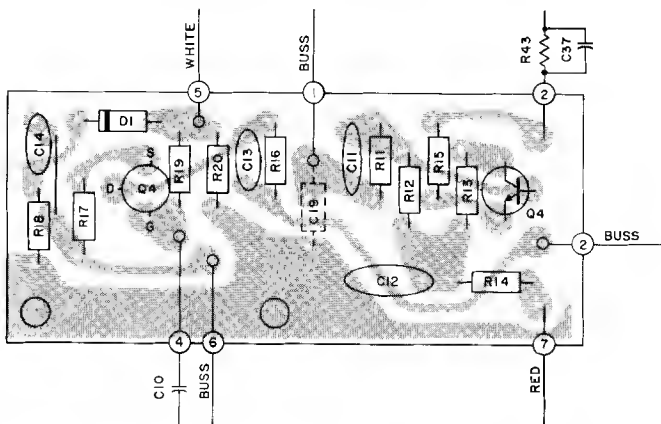
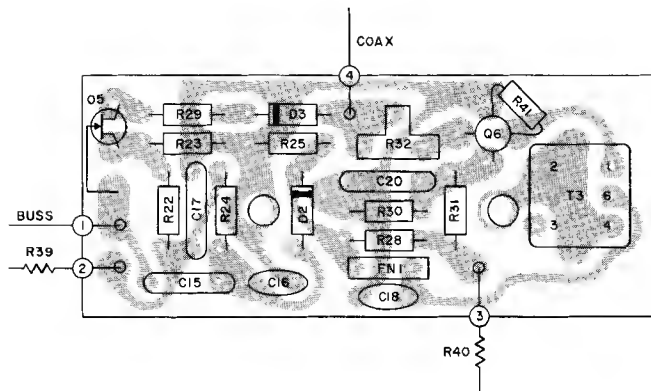


FM TUNER SECTION

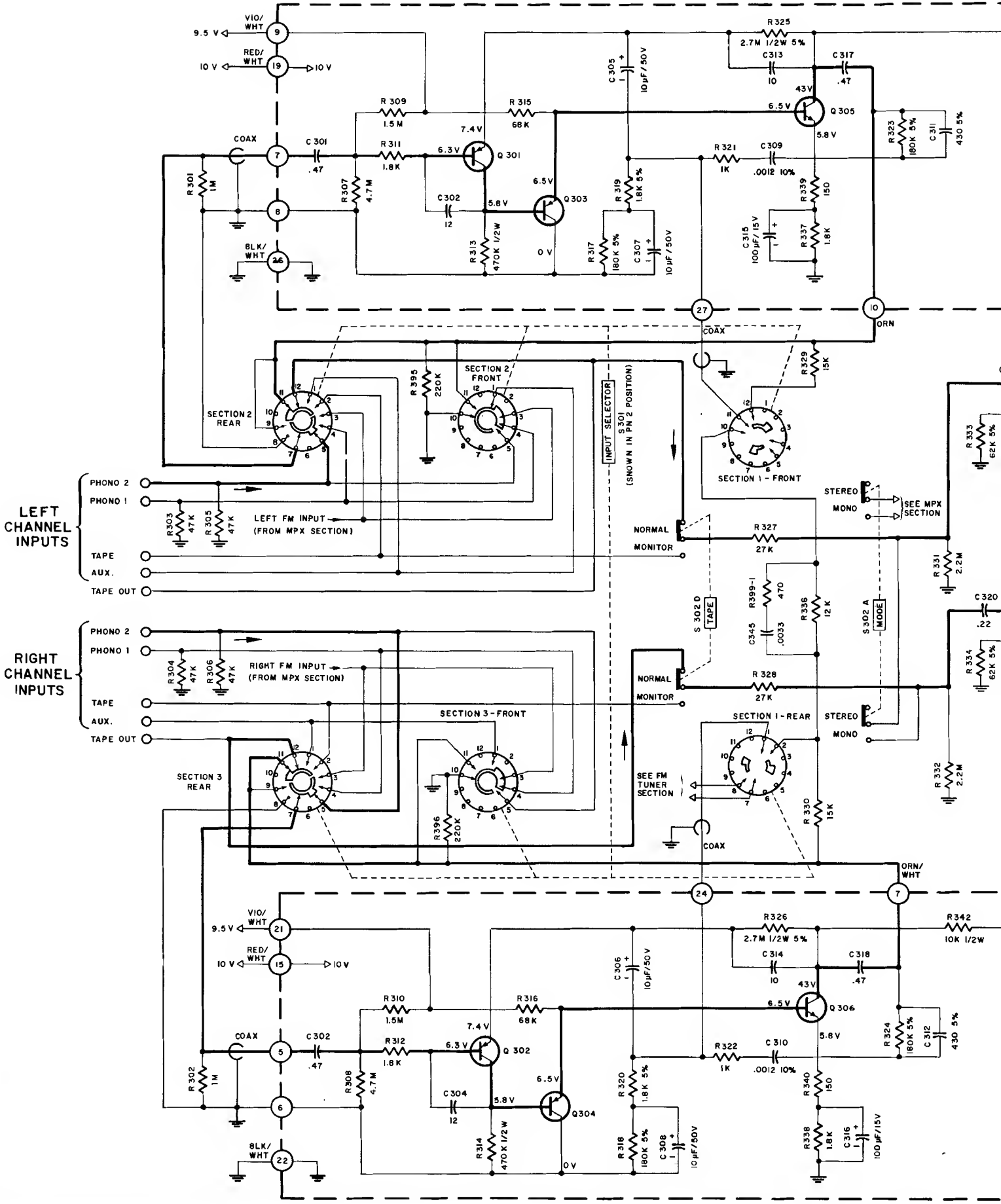
MX 115

154-516

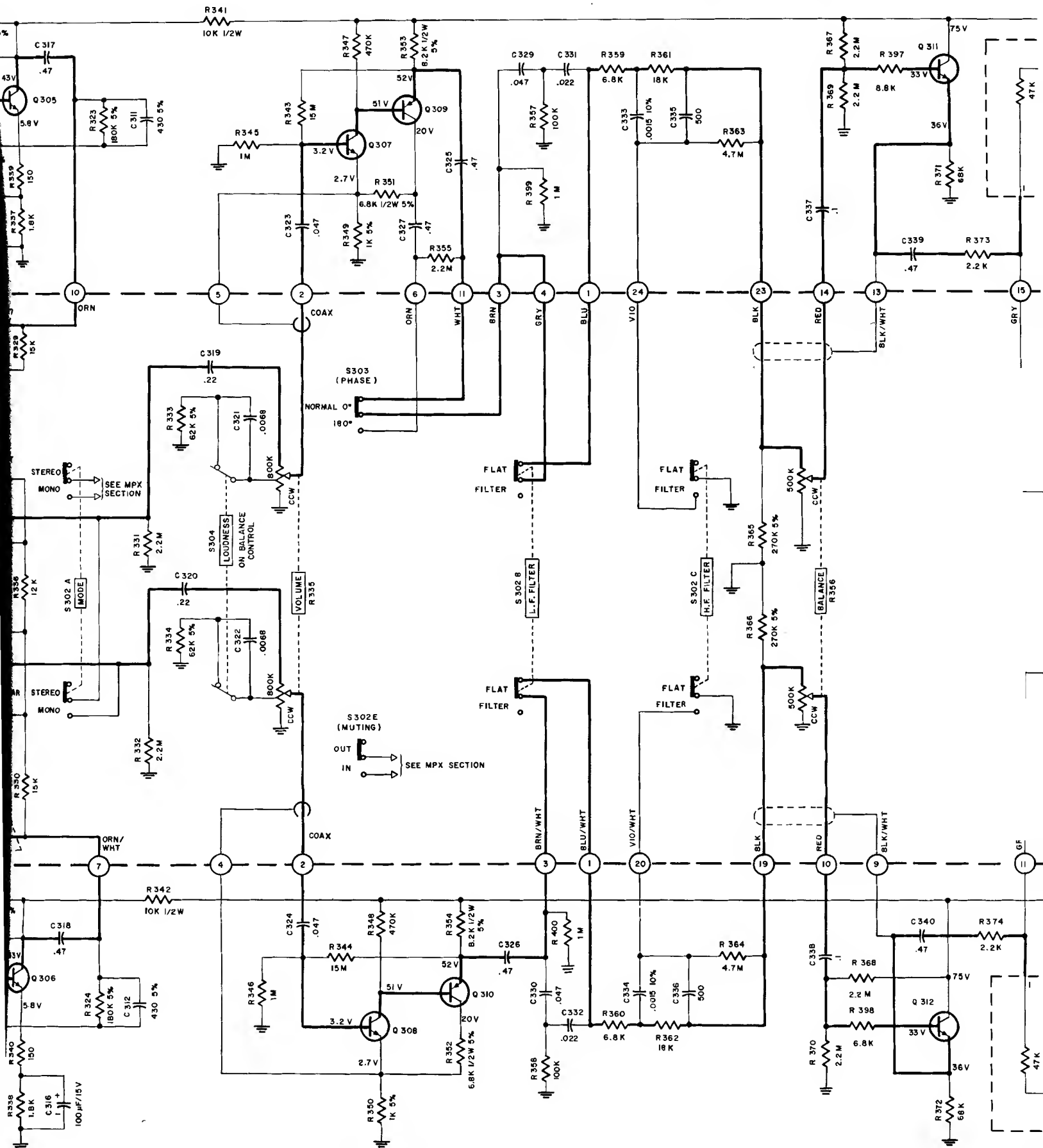
SELECTIVITY PC BOARD 044-290



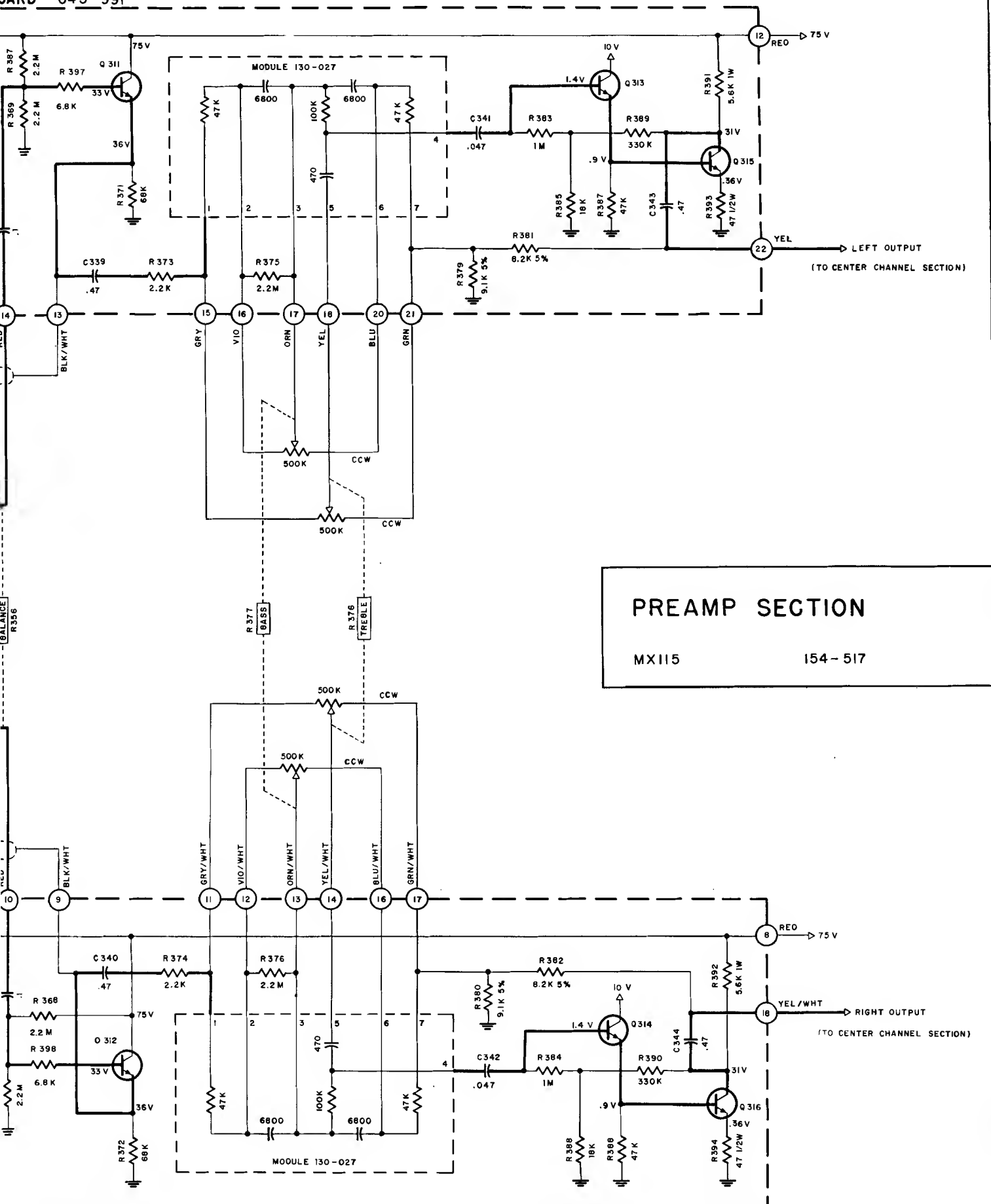
MIXER & LOCAL OSCILLATOR PC BOARD 044-292



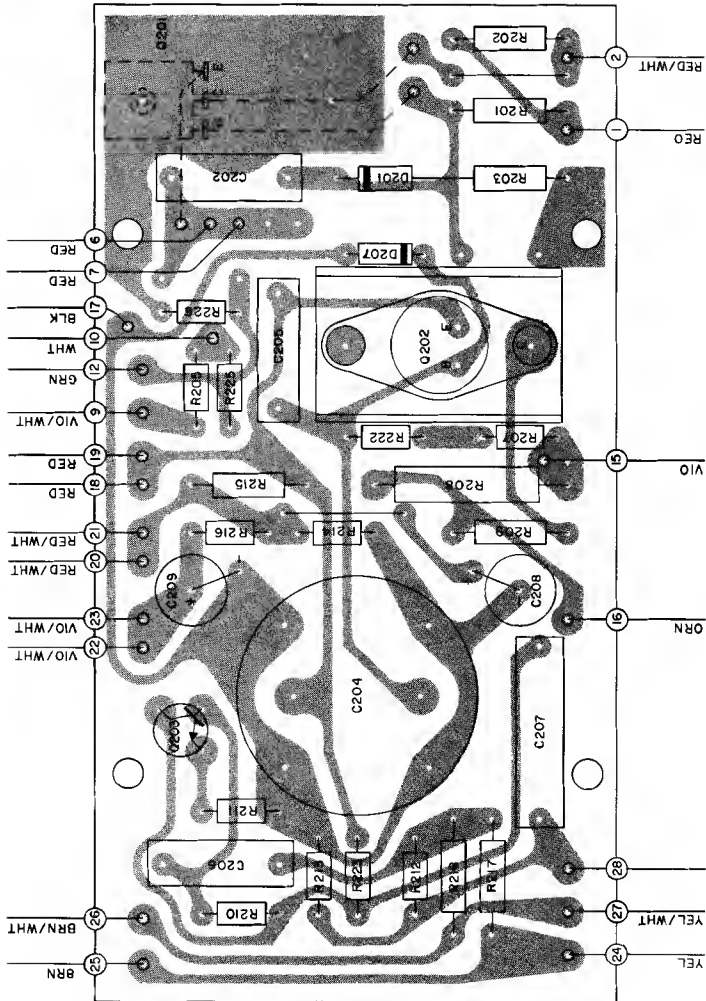
LEFT CHANNEL PREAMP. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 043-991



RIGHT CHANNEL PREAMP. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 043-992

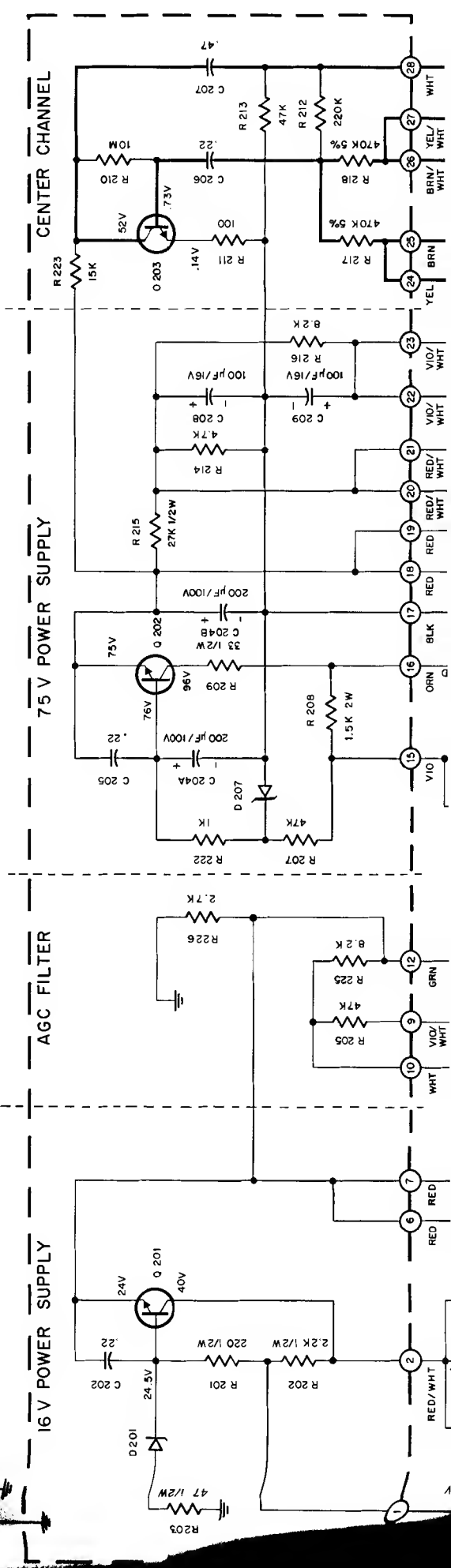


PREAMP SECTION
MX115 154-517

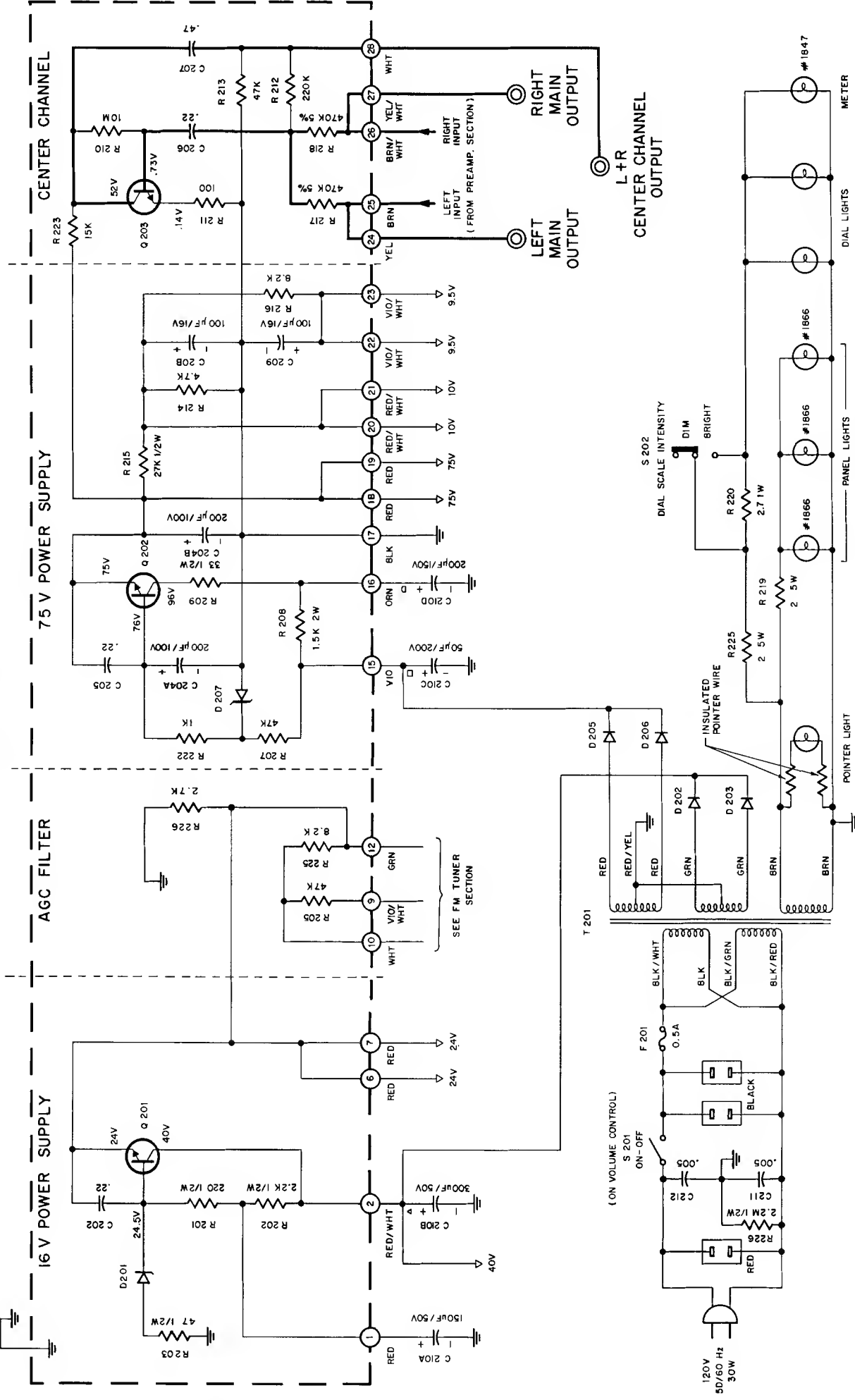


POWER SUPPLY / CENTER CHANNEL PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 044-296

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 044-296



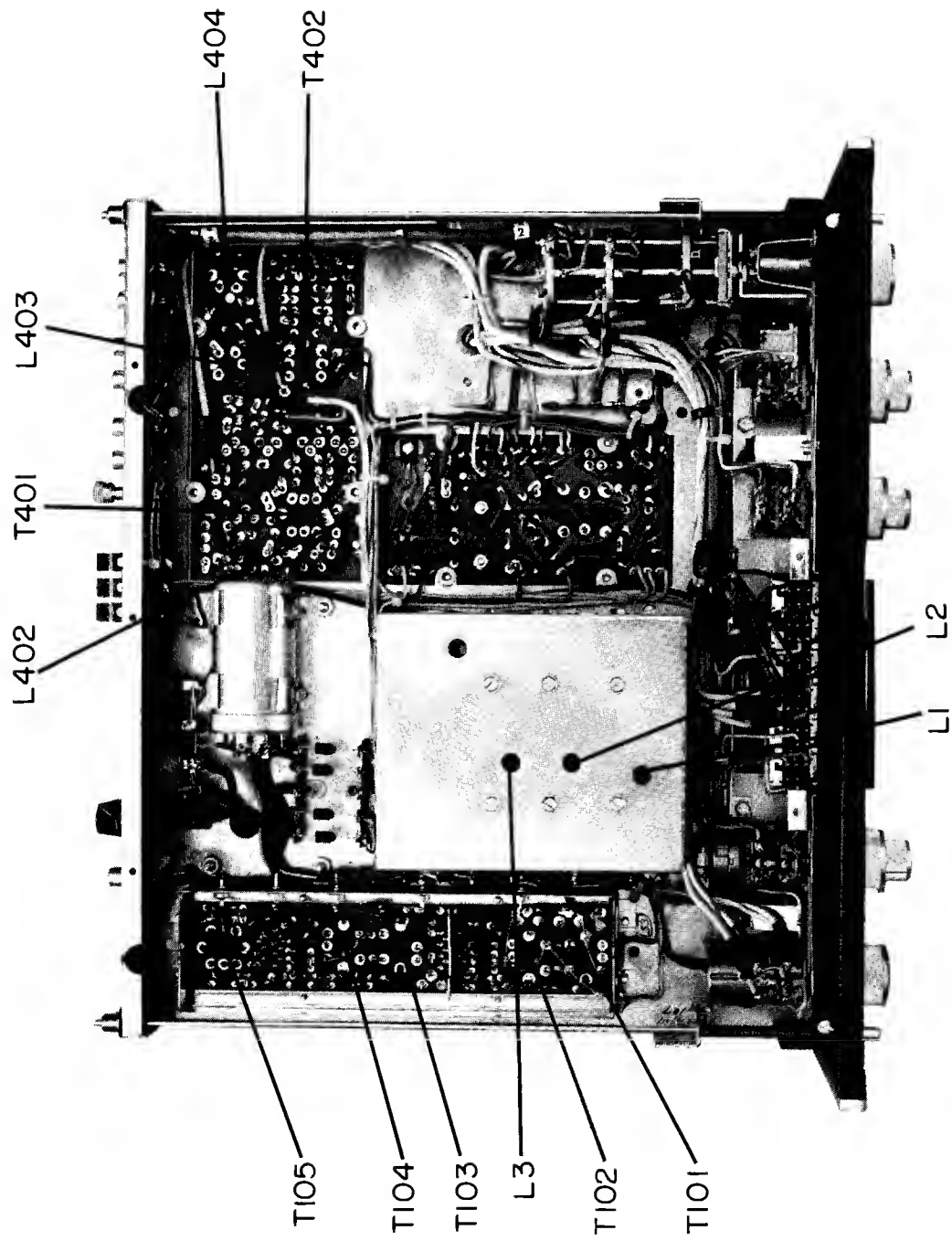
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 044-296

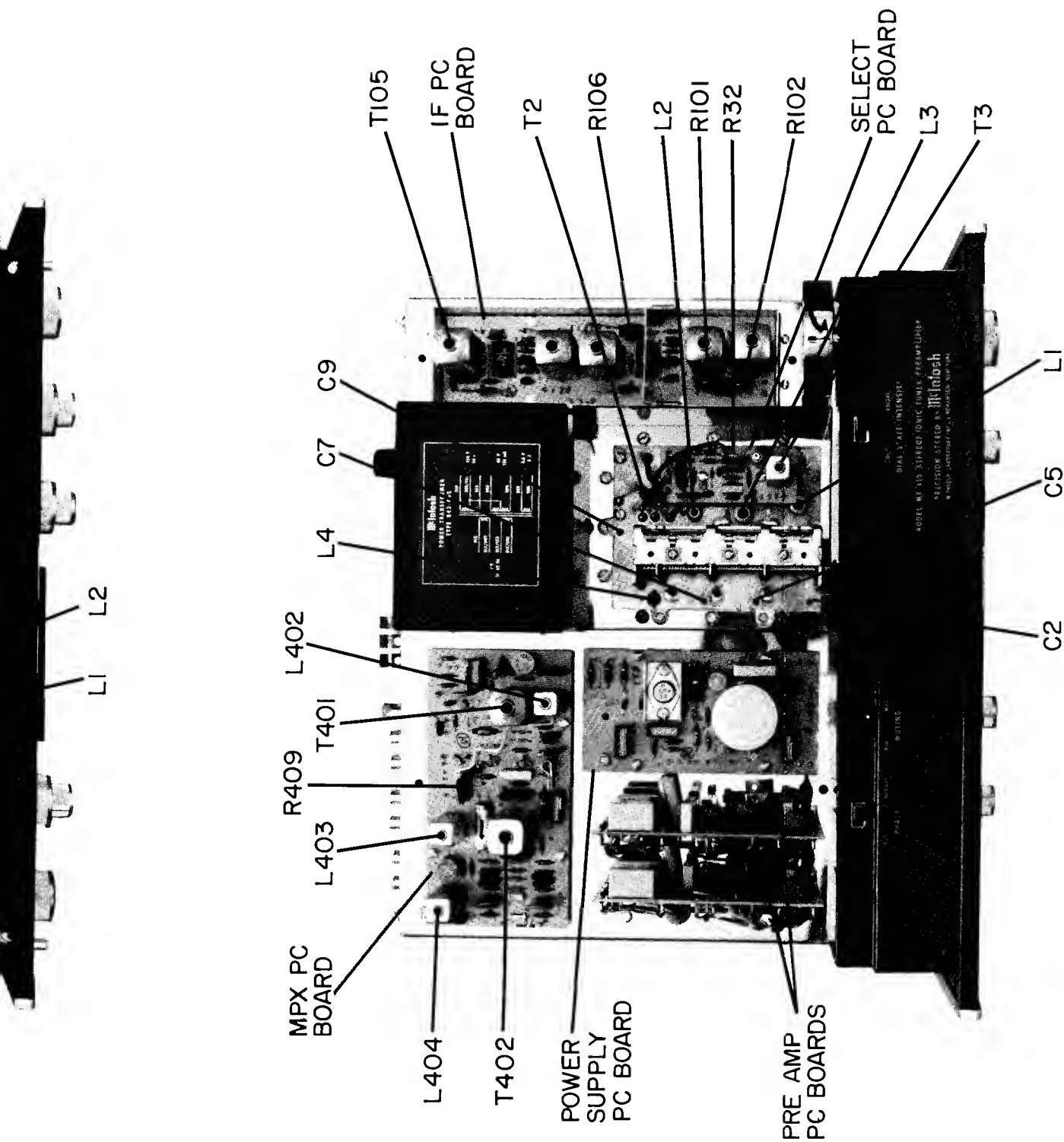


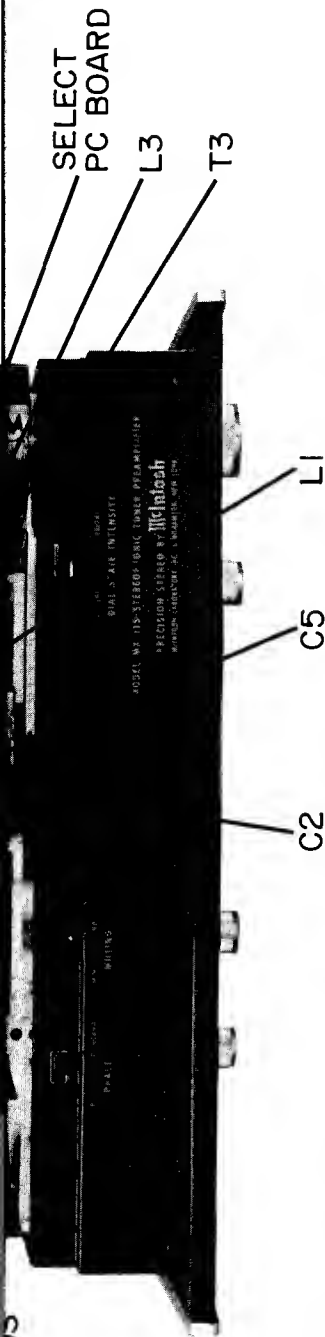
POWER SUPPLY / CENTER CHANNEL SECTION

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MX 115







MX 115 ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

All McIntosh tuners are carefully aligned and tested at the factory using the finest available test equipment. All McIntosh tuners will meet their published specifications when shipped from the factory.

After extensive operation, or servicing, it may be desirable to realign the tuner circuits for best performance. The charts below give complete information on the circuit realignment procedure for the MX 115.

The test equipment listed (or its equivalent) is necessary to properly align an MX 115. The accuracy of the alignment will be directly related to the accuracy and calibration of the test equipment used.

If the necessary test equipment is not available, alignment should not be attempted. For additional information, contact Customer Service Department, McIntosh Laboratory, Inc., 2 Chambers Street, Binghamton, New York 13903 (telephone 607-723-3512).

Alignment should be done in the following order: FM-MPX.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. FM Signal Generator (Measurement 188 or Sound Technology 1000A).
2. VTVM (RCA WV98C).
3. Multiplex Generator (Radiometer SMGI) or Sound Technology 1000A.
4. 10.7 MHz FM Sweep Generator (Kay 385 or equivalent). (Not needed if Measurement 275 IF converter is available.)
5. 10.7 MHz Generator (preferably crystal controlled).
6. Oscilloscope (Hewlett-Packard 120B or equivalent).
7. Harmonic Distortion Analyzer (Hewlett-Packard 333A or equivalent).
8. 10.7 MHz ± 75 kHz Sweep Marker Generator

FM ALIGNMENT

| STEP | TUNER DIAL SETTING | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | INDICATOR | | ADJUST | TEST LIMITS | REMARKS |
|------|---------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | FREQ. | COUPLING | MODULATION | TYPE | CONNECTED TO | | | |
| 1 | Point of no interference. | 10.7MHz | Through external .01µF capacitor to Q4 gate. | FM ±200kHz sweep w/ 60Hz rate. | Oscilloscope | TPI | Maximum height of 10.7MHz marker and best symmetry of 10.7MHz ±75kHz markers. | Selectivity switch must be in the "normal" position. Turn muting off for alignment tests. Keep signal generator output low to prevent limiting. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Top (Primary) and Bottom (Secondary) of T2. |
| 2 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | Selectivity switch must be in the "select" position. All further test and alignment steps. selectivity switch in "normal" position. Adjust R32 for equal height of markers in both positions of "select" switch. Rimo filters do not have a flat-topped re See typical response curve - Fig. 2. Do not stagger tune. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Top (Primary) and Bottom (Secondary) of T3. |
| 3 | Same | Same | Same | C.W. | VTVM | TP2 | Zero DC at TP2. | The linear phase filters as employed in the IF do not have a flat-topped response. See typical response curve - Fig. 2. Do not stagger tune. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Top (sec) core of T105. |
| 4 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | Pin 6 of T105 | Maximum possible negative voltage. | If a distortion analyzer is available, omit this step. Adjust T105 (Pri.) after Step 6. At that time use a 1mV signal from an FM generator. Modulate 100% 400Hz. Adjust primary of T105 for minimum distortion. Should be less than 0.3%. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Bottom (Pri.) core of T105. |
| 5 | 105MHz | 105MHz | 3000 antenna terminals w/* matching network. | 100% 400Hz | VTVM connected to TPI and oscilloscope connected to L or R main output. | Oscillator trimmer C9. | Maximum negative voltage at TPI. | As TPI voltage increases reduce output of signal generator to keep TPI voltage as low as possible. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Repeat steps 5 & 6 until dial calibration is accurate. |
| 6 | 90MHz | 90MHz | Same | Same | Same | Oscillator coil L4. | Same | Repeat steps 5 & 6 until dial calibration is accurate. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Same as step 5. |
| 7 | 105MHz | 105MHz | Same | Same | Same | Mixer RF2, RFI trimmers C7-5-2 | Same | Same as step 5. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Same as step 5. |
| 8 | 90MHz | 90MHz | Same | Same | Same | Mixer RF2, RFI coils L3-2-1. | Same | Same as step 5. Then repeat steps 7 & 8 until TPI voltage is as high as possible for the least signal input at both alignment frequencies. | |
| | | | | | | | | | Same as step 5. |
| 9 | Same | Same | Same | Same | VTVM connected to TPI and a harmonic distortion analyzer to L or R output. | | | This step is an overall sensitivity check. Reduce input signal to the point where total noise and distortion reads 3/ (-30dB). The input signal will then be the usable sensitivity and should be less than 2.5µV. | |
| | | | | | | | | | With generator output at 200µV, adjust R106 for sensitivity meter reading of 6. With generator output at 100µV, adjust R101, 102, 106 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|------|------|------|------|------|--|----------------|--|--|
| 9 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | VTVM connected to TPI and a harmonic distortion analyzer to L or R output. | R101, 102, 106 | With generator output at 200µV, adjust R106 for sensitivity meter reading of 6. With generator output at 100µV, adjust R101 for full scale of sensitivity meter ("select" switch "Out"). Adjust R102 for full scale of sensitivity meter ("select" switch "In"). | This step is an overall sensitivity check. Reduce input signal to the point where total noise and distortion reads 3/ (-30dB). The input signal will then be the usable sensitivity and should be less than 2.5µV. |
| 10 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | | | | |

MULTIPLEX DECODER ALIGNMENT

| STEP | TUNER DIAL SETTING | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | INDICATOR | | ADJUST | TEST LIMITS | REMARKS |
|------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|---------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | | FREQ. | COUPLING | MODULATION | TYPE | CONNECTED TO | | | |
| 1 | 100MHz | 100MHz | 300Ω antenna terminals w/ approx. 1000 microvolts signal w/* matching network. | 75kHz Deviation ± 67kHz | AC-VTVM or oscilloscope w/very low cap. probe. | L or R output Jack. | L403 and L404 (SCA adj.) | Minimum output L or R output Jack. | Adjust for minimum output with 67kHz modulation. |
| 2 | 100MHz | 100MHz | Same | 19kHz stereo pilot. | AC-VTVM or oscilloscope w/very low cap. probe. | T401, Pin 2 or 3. | L402 (19kHz phase adj.) & T401 (19 kHz doubler) | Adjust for maximum AC voltage. | Decrease pilot level, if necessary, so that 19kHz circuits do not limit or saturate. |
| 3 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | T402, Pin 1 or 2. | T402 (Pri) & bottom (Sec) tuning slugs | Adj. for maximum AC voltage. | Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz and 38kHz circuits do not limit. Mode switch must be in stereo position. |
| 4 | Same | Same | Same | 1kHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot level normal and on. | Same | L or R output Jack. | T402, Bottom (Sec.) tuning slug. | 35dB separation or more. | Modulate left channel and measure right channel output. Adjust T402 bottom - tuning slug (Sec.) for minimum right channel output (maximum separation). Then, reverse channels and measure left channel separation. For this adjustment and measurement, no test lead should be connected to TP-2. |
| 5 | 100MHz | 100MHz | Same | 1kHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot on. | AC-VTVM | L or R output Jack. | | Less than 12mV of residual. | Adjust "FM-Level" control (R409) for 1.2 volts of audio output at fixed output jacks. Then, turn off the modulation and measure the residual of the 19kHz and 38kHz frequencies. |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|------|--|--|---------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|
| 2 | 100MHz | 100MHz | Same | 19kHz stereo pilot. | AC-VTVM or oscilloscope w/very low cap. probe. | T401, Pin 2 or 3. | L402 (19kHz phase adj.) & T401 (19 kHz doubler) | Adjust for maximum AC voltage. | Decrease pilot level, if necessary, so that 19kHz circuits do not limit or saturate. |
| 3 | Same | Same | Same | Same | Same | T402, Pin 1 or 2. | T402 (Pri) & bottom (Sec) tuning slugs | Adj. for maximum AC voltage. | Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz and 38kHz circuits do not limit. Mode switch must be in stereo position. |
| 4 | Same | Same | Same | 1kHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot level normal and on. | Same | L or R output jack. | T402, Bottom (Sec.) tuning slug. | 35dB separation or more. | Modulate left channel and measure right channel output. Adjust T402 bottom - tuning slug (Sec.) for minimum right channel output (maximum separation). Then, reverse channels and measure left channel separation. For this adjustment and measurement, no test lead should be connected to TP-2. |
| 5 | 100MHz | 100MHz | Same | 1kHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot on. | AC-VTVM | L or R output jack. | | Less than 1mV of residual. | Adjust "FM-Level" control (R409) for 1.2 volts of audio output at fixed output jacks. Then, turn off the modulation and measure the residual of the 19kHz and 38kHz frequencies. |

Note 1: If signal generator has other than 50 ohm internal impedance, use a resistor of 150 ohms less internal generator impedance.

FIG. 1 ANTENNA MATCHING NETWORK

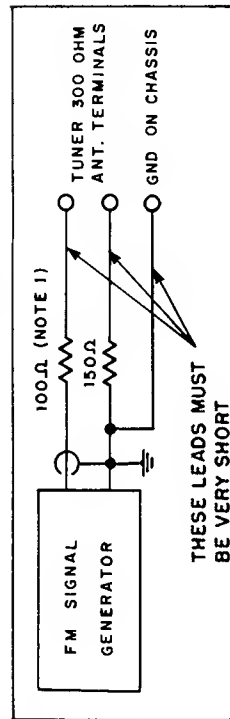
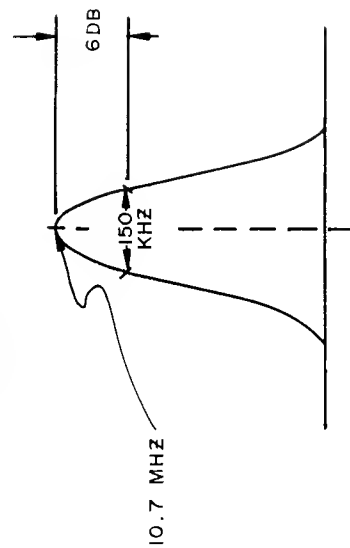


FIG. 2 TYPICAL IF RESPONSE CURVE



REPLACEMENT PARTS

All parts not listed are common items obtainable from radio parts jobbers.

Replacement parts may be obtained when ordered by PART NUMBER from:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc.
Customer Service Department
2 Chambers Street
Binghamton, New York 13903
(telephone 607-723-3512)

CAPACITORS

| Symbol Number | Description | Part Number |
|---------------|---|-------------|
| C109 | Ta. Elect. 22 μ F 20V | 066-148 |
| C202 | Mylar .22 μ F 250V | 064-068 |
| C204 | Elect. 200/200 μ F 100V | 066-129 |
| C205,206 | Mylar .22 μ F 250V | 064-068 |
| C207 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C208,209 | Elect. 100 μ F 16V | 066-177 |
| C210 | Elect. 50/200/300/150 μ F 200/150/50/50V | 066-128 |
| C301,302 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C305,306 | Ta. Elect. 10 μ F 20V | 066-149 |
| C307,308 | Ta. Elect. 10 μ F 20V | 066-149 |
| C315,316 | Elect. 100 μ F 15V | 066-127 |
| C317,318 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C319,320 | Mylar .22 μ F 200V | 064-087 |
| C321,322 | Polypropylene .0068 μ F | 064-103 |
| C323,324 | Mylar .047 μ F 250V | 064-066 |
| C325,326 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C327 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C329,330 | Mylar .047 μ F 250V | 064-066 |
| C331,332 | Mylar .022 μ F 250V | 064-065 |
| C337,338 | Mylar .1 μ F 250V | 064-067 |
| C339,340 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C341,342 | Mylar .047 μ F 250V | 064-066 |
| C343,344 | Mylar .47 μ F 250V | 064-069 |
| C401 | Mylar .22 μ F 250V | 064-068 |
| C405 | Elect. 100 μ F 25V | 066-161 |
| C408 | Elect. 100 μ F 25V | 066-161 |
| C411 | Ta. Elect. 1.0 μ F 35V | 066-147 |
| C415 | Mylar .22 μ F 250V | 064-068 |

DIODES

| | | |
|----------|------------------|---------|
| D1 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D2,3 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D101,102 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D103,104 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |

| | | |
|----------|------------------|---------|
| D105,106 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D107,108 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D201 | Zener diode 24V | 070-049 |
| D202,203 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D205 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D206 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D207 | Zener diode 75V | 070-025 |
| D402,403 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D404 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D405,406 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D407,408 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D409 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |

CHOKES & COILS

| | | |
|----------|---------------------|---------|
| L1 | 1st RF coil | 122-115 |
| L2 | 2nd RF coil | 122-114 |
| L3 | Mixer coil | 122-113 |
| L4 | Oscillator coil | 122-112 |
| L101,102 | Choke 75 μ H | 122-013 |
| L401 | Choke 1MH | 122-092 |
| L402 | Filter coil (19kHz) | 122-080 |
| L403,404 | Filter coil (SCA) | 122-079 |

TRANSISTORS

| | | |
|----------|---------------------|---------|
| Q1,2 | Si. M.O.S. F.E.T. | 132-088 |
| Q3 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-015 |
| Q4 | Si. Junction F.E.T. | 132-084 |
| Q5 | Si. Junction F.E.T. | 132-068 |
| Q6 | Si. M.O.S. F.E.T. | 132-086 |
| Q201 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-065 |
| Q202 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-028 |
| Q203 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-069 |
| Q301,302 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q303,304 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q305,306 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-069 |
| Q307,308 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-054 |
| Q309,310 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q311,312 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-054 |
| Q313,314 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q315,316 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-042 |
| Q401 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q402 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-090 |
| Q403,404 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q405 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q406 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-042 |

| | | |
|----------|-------------------|---------|
| D105,106 | .Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D107,108 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D201 | Zener diode 24V | 070-049 |
| D202,203 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D205 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D206 | Si. diode | 070-031 |
| D207 | Zener diode 75V | 070-025 |
| D402,403 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D404 | Si. diode | 070-022 |
| D405,406 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D407,408 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |
| D409 | Ge. signal diode | 070-003 |

CHOKES & COILS

| | | |
|----------|---------------------|---------|
| L1 | 1st RF coil | 122-115 |
| L2 | 2nd RF coil | 122-114 |
| L3 | Mixer coil | 122-113 |
| L4 | Oscillator coil | 122-112 |
| L101,102 | Choke 75 μ H | 122-013 |
| L401 | Choke 1MH | 122-092 |
| L402 | Filter coil (19kHz) | 122-080 |
| L403,404 | Filter coil (SCA) | 122-079 |

TRANSISTORS

| | | |
|----------|---------------------|---------|
| Q1,2 | Si. M.O.S. F.E.T. | 132-088 |
| Q3 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-015 |
| Q4 | Si. Junction F.E.T. | 132-084 |
| Q5 | Si. Junction F.E.T. | 132-068 |
| Q6 | Si. M.O.S. F.E.T. | 132-086 |
| Q201 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-065 |
| Q202 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-028 |
| Q203 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-069 |
| Q301,302 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q303,304 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q305,306 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-069 |
| Q307,308 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-054 |
| Q309,310 | Si. PNP transistor | 132-056 |
| Q311,312 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-054 |
| Q313,314 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q315,316 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-042 |
| Q401 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q402 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-090 |
| Q403,404 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q405 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-057 |
| Q406 | Si. NPN transistor | 132-042 |

FUSES

| | | |
|------|------------------|---------|
| F201 | Fuse .5A slo-blo | 089-020 |
|------|------------------|---------|

POTENTIOMETERS

| | | |
|------|--------------------------|---------|
| R335 | Volume control | 134-202 |
| R356 | Loudness/Balance control | 134-236 |
| R377 | Bass control | 134-203 |
| R378 | Treble control | 134-203 |
| R407 | Muting control | 134-216 |

RESISTORS

| | | | |
|------|------------------------|----|---------|
| R219 | Wirewound 2 Ω | 5W | 139-005 |
| R220 | Wirewound 2.7 Ω | 1W | 139-002 |
| R225 | Wirewound 2 Ω | 5W | 139-005 |

SWITCHES

| | | |
|------|--------------------------|---------|
| S301 | Input selector switch | 146-130 |
| S302 | Mode selector switch | 150-004 |
| S304 | Loudness/Balance control | 134-236 |

TRANSFORMERS

| | | |
|------|---------------------------|---------|
| T1 | Balun | 043-226 |
| T2 | FM IF transformer | 162-059 |
| T3 | FM IF transformer | 162-042 |
| T101 | FM IF filter input | 162-053 |
| T102 | FM IF filter output | 162-052 |
| T103 | FM IF filter input | 162-053 |
| T104 | FM IF filter output | 162-052 |
| T105 | FM discriminator | 162-036 |
| T201 | Power transformer | 043-865 |
| T401 | FM RF transformer (19kHz) | 162-031 |
| T402 | FM RF transformer (38kHz) | 162-039 |

MODULES

| | | |
|--|---------------------|---------|
| | Tone control module | 130-027 |
| | LDR network | 144-013 |

METERS

| | | |
|------|--------------|---------|
| M101 | Tuning meter | 124-005 |
|------|--------------|---------|

INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

| | | |
|-----------|--------------------|---------|
| IC101,102 | Integrated circuit | 133-002 |
|-----------|--------------------|---------|

FILTERS

| | | |
|-----|-----------|---------|
| FN1 | FM filter | 180-009 |
|-----|-----------|---------|

LAMPS

| | |
|---------------------|---------|
| #1847 (Meter) | 058-008 |
| #1866 (Front Panel) | 058-014 |

| | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| #1828 (MPX) | 058-027 |
| Festoon lamp | 058-032 |
| FRONT PANEL & TRIM | |
| Front panel | 044-297 |
| Front panel end caps | 018-120 |
| Volume knob | 043-253 |
| Input selector knob | 043-253 |
| Tuning knob | 043-272 |
| Bass knob (rear) | 090-009 |
| Bass knob (front) | 043-625 |
| Treble knob (rear) | 090-009 |
| Treble knob (front) | 043-625 |
| Loudness knob | 043-625 |
| Balance knob | 090-009 |
| Level set knob | 090-010 |
| MOUNTING SYSTEM | |
| Shelf bracket (right) | 043-622 |
| Shelf bracket (left) | 043-623 |
| Mounting template #100 | 038-179 |
| Hardware package | 043-446 |
| MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS | |
| Plastic feet | 017-041 |
| Tuning shaft | 021-067 |
| Shipping carton | 044-365 |
| Push terminal (antenna) | 074-032 |
| Owners manual | 038-528 |
| Dial cord | 044-226 |
| Dial pointer | 043-876 |
| Shorting plug | 127-021 |
| AC line cord | 170-021 |
| FM dipole antenna | 170-033 |
| Fuseholder | 178-001 |
| Dial glass | 044-366 |