McIntosh

ML 4M Loudspeaker system



SERVICE INFORMATION

SERIAL NO. LIFOO1 AND ABOVE

038-847

SPECIFICATIONS

SPEAKER SIZE

Woofers four 12" dia. frame size (10" dia. radiators) Low mid-range 8" dia. frame size (5" dia. radiator) Mid mid-ranges two 1-1/2" dia. dome radiators High mid-ranges two 1-1/2" dia. dome radiators Tweeters two 1-5/8" dia. coaxial super radiators

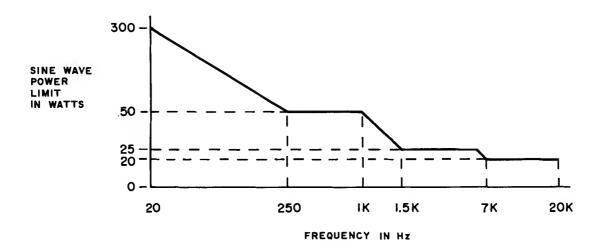
CROSSOVER FREQUENCIES

250Hz, 1.5kHz, 3kHz, & 7kHz

IMPEDANCE

8Ω Nominal

POWER HANDLING: Sine wave steady state



Avoid operating the speaker system with sustained sine wave signals at power levels greater than the indicated limits. Permanent damage may result.

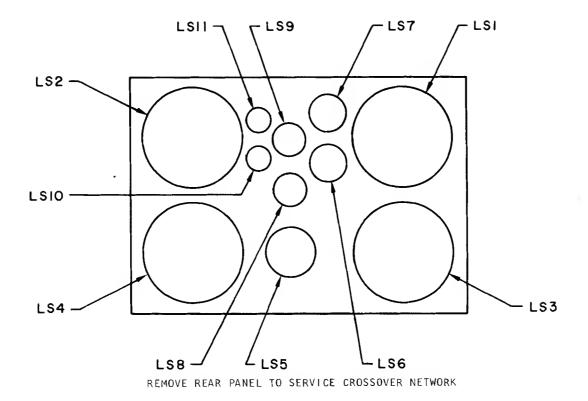
POWER HANDLING: Program Material

High energy peaks normal to orchestral music are easily and faithfully reproduced by the speaker system. These peaks are of relatively short duration and do not produce the heating effect caused by sustained tone operation. The ML-4 speaker system will handle up to 300 watts of orchestral music program material. Care must be taken, however, to use a power amplifier that has an adequate power rating. If a low power amplifier is used, the loudest passages may be "clipped" by the amplifier. This clipping will cause the speaker to sound distorted. The large harmonic content of a badly "clipped" signal can cause excessive heating and resulting damage to the high frequency speaker elements and crossover network.

OUTPUT LEVEL

In a reverberant room the system will nominally produce an 89dB sound pressure level when driven at a one watt level referred to $8 \Omega.$

SPEAKER LOCATION

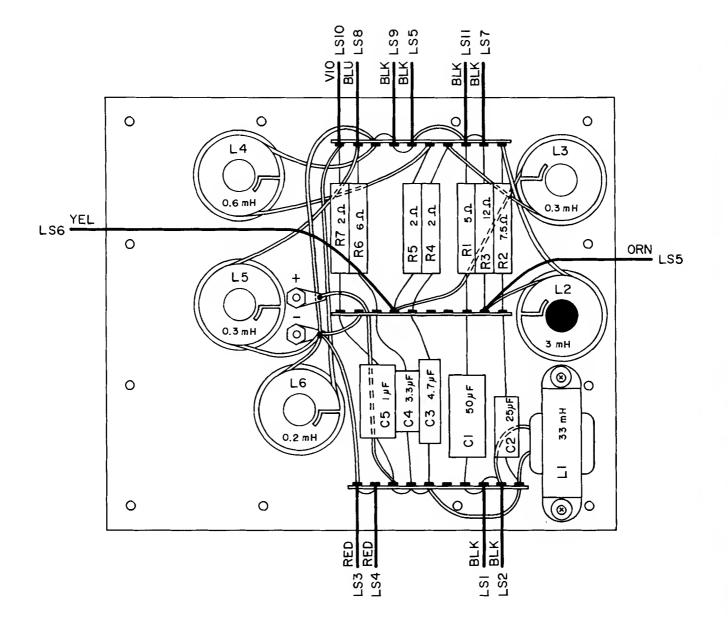


SCHEMATIC NOTES

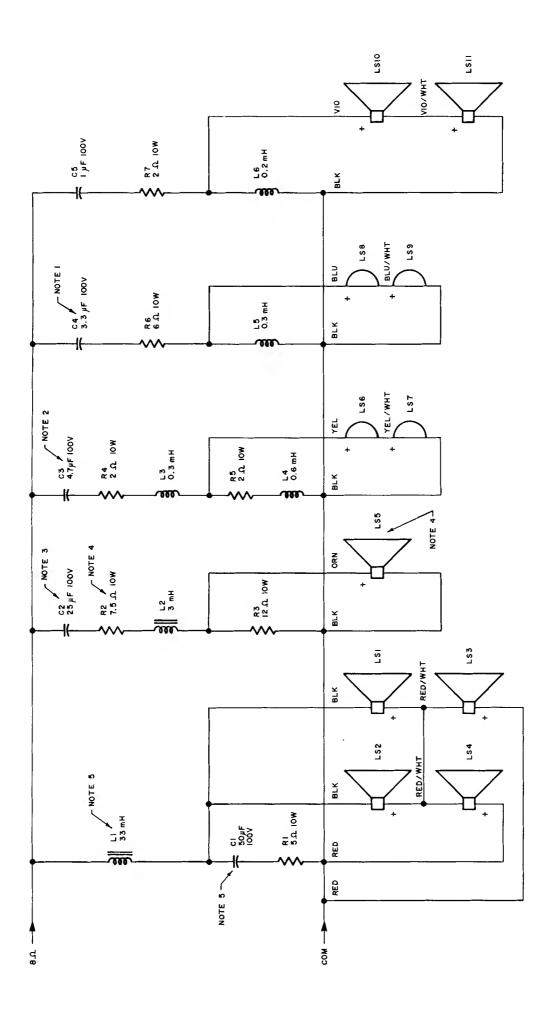
- 1. In some units C4 is 3µF.
- 2. In some units C3 is 5µF.
- 3. In some units C2 is two $50\mu F$ capacitors in series.
- 4.~ In units with Serial No's Below L1E189 R2 is 10α (Part #139-089). Refer to ML-4C/ML-4M S. B. No.,1 when replacing $8^{\prime\prime}$ loudspeaker.
- 5. In units with Serial No's. Below L2E318 L1 is 8mH (Part #122-119) and C1 is 150μF (Part #066-194). Refer to ML-4C/ML-4M S. B. No. 2.

.

CROSSOVER NETWORK



ASSEMBLY 044-223 NOTE 7



٠

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

SERVICE NOTES

Speaker element failure can be quickly located by using FM hiss at a low level. Listen at each speaker to verify if all the speakers are at least working. A low power (1-5 watt) sine wave sweep 20-20kHz can be used as a quick check for distortion. A speaker element with obvious distortion must be replaced. Short circuiting individual domes may help to locate a defective one.

To determine if the speaker element is dead, remove the speaker and momentarily connect a 1.5 to 6V battery across the terminals. If no sound is heard, the speaker element must be replaced.

The crossover network must be inspected when burned out speaker elements are replaced. The network must also be inspected if a speaker element produces sound with the battery test but does not play when connected in the system. The back must be removed to get to the crossover, check for burned resistors, bad connections, broken wires, etc.

When a system has been driven excessively hard by a "clipped" amplifier for long periods of time, the 8" and/or dome mid-ranges may appear to have weak or no output. In addition to burned out speaker elements, the 25μ F, 4.7μ F, or 3.3μ F capacitors may also be damaged. This will be evident if a new 8" or new dome mid-ranges have been installed and also appear to have weak or no output.

Use only McIntosh replacement capacitors. These have been specially selected for low ESR.

Use RTV silicone rubber under replacement parts when mounting on the crossover board. In addition to the solder connections. This will insure a vibration free bond to the board.

The solid colored wire (other than black) always goes to the red marked terminal on the speaker. This is the positive terminal. If the polarity of a speaker is unknown, momentarily connect a 1.5 to 6V battery to the terminals. When the cone moves away from the magnet, it means the + terminal of the battery is connected to the + terminal of the speaker.

When installing speakers in the cabinet, care must be taken to insure a tight air seal. Replace the black caulking material or foam gasket if necessary. Mortite caulking compound or equivalent could be substituted but care must be taken that it will not be visible after the part is installed.

If a woofer screw strips out in the wood of the cabinet, the speaker can be rotated and new mounting holes drilled.

After the system is reassembled, it must be checked for air leaks. This can be done by putting a 20Hz sine wave into the system at 50 watts (20V). By listening around the speakers closely for hissing sounds, areas can be located that must be sealed. The system must also be swept from 20Hz to 250Hz at 50 watts to insure there are no vibrations due to wires hitting the woofer core, etc.

All defective parts must be packed well and returned to the McIntosh Laboratory Loudspeaker Division.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

All parts not listed are common items obtain-able from radio parts jobbers.

Replacement parts may be obtained when ordered by PART NUMBER from:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. Customer Service Department 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903 (telephone 607-723-3512)

CAPACITORS

Symbol Number	D	escription		Part Number	MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS	
C 1	Elect.	50µF	1 0 0V	066- 192	Terminal Red 08	4-086
C 2	Elect.	25µF	1000	066-189	Terminal Black 08	4 -0 87
C 3	Mylar	4 .7 μF	25 0 V	064-107	Shipping Carton 03	3 - 169
C4	Mylar	3.3µF	1001	064-117	Grille Cloth 03	1-002
C 5	Mylar	lμF	2 50 V	064-104	Front Panel Assy. 04	4 - 362
					Speaker Gasket 12" Woofer 09	4 - 092
		CHOKES			Speaker Gasket 2-1/4" Tweeter 09	4-096
∟2	Choke	3mH		122-120	Speaker Gasket 1-1/2"Dome 09	4-100
L3	Choke	•3mH		122-164	Speaker Gasket 8" Midrange 09	4-094
L4	Choke	.6mH		122-168	Network Gasket 09	4 -1 06
L5	Choke	• 3mH		122 -16 4		
L6	Choke	.2mH		122-163		

LOUDSPEAKERS

LSì,2	12" Woofer			036-001	
LS3,4	12" Woofer			036-001	
LS5	8" Midrang	e		03 6- 025	
LS 6,7	1-1/2" Dome	Midrange		0 36-016	
LS8,9	1-1/2" Dome	Midrange		0 36-017	
LS10,11	2-1/4" Twee	ter		036-012	
RESISTORS					
R 2	Wirewound	7.5Ω	1 O W	139-090	
R3	Wirewound	1 2Ω	1 OW	139 - 088	
R4,5	Wirewound	2Ω	1 OW	139-085	
R6	Wirewound	6Ω	1 OW	139-087	
R 7	Wirewound	2 Ω	1 OW	139 - 085	
R8	W ir ewound	3 <u>0</u>	IOW	139-083	



SERVICE BULLETIN

REPLACEMENT OF 8" LOUDSPEAKER 036-002

MODEL: ML-4C and ML-4M Loudspeakers.

PURPOSE OF MODIFICATION: To maintain the same acoustic output.

WHAT UNITS ARE AFFECTED: ML-4C Serial No. LIE001 through LIE189. ML-4M Serial No. LIF001 through LIF052.

WHEN MODIFICATION SHOULD BE MADE: When replacing defective 036-002 8" loudspeaker.

McINTOSH MODIFICATION KIT: No kit available.

PARTS REQUIRED:

QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
]	139-090	Wirewound Resistor: 7.5Ω, 10W
]	036-025	8" Loudspeaker

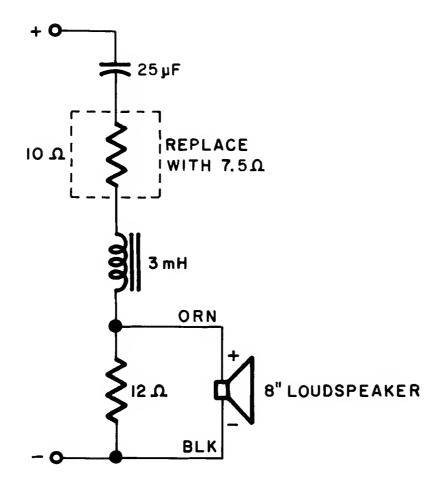
PROCEDURE:

- Step 1 Remove rear panel.
- Step 2 Locate 10Ω , 10 watt resistor in series with the 8" loudspeaker. Remove and replace with 7.5 Ω , 10 watt resistor.
- Step 3 Replace rear panel.

(over)

B. No.

ML-4C/4M S.B. No. 1



SERVICE BULLETIN

REDUCE UPPER BASS RESPONSE

MODEL: ML-4C and ML-4M Loudspeakers.

PURPOSE OF MODIFICATION: To provide smoother response in some listening rooms.

WHAT UNITS ARE AFFECTED: ML-4C Serial No. L2E318 & Above. ML-4M Serial No. L1F171 & Above.

WHEN MODIFICATION SHOULD BE MADE: When customer complains about excessive upper bass.

McINTOSH MODIFICATION KIT: No kit available.

PARTS REQUIRED:

QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
]	122 - 116 066 - 188	Choke: 33mH
2	101-040	Capacitor: 50µF Wood Screws: #6 x 1/2"

PROCEDURE: (Refer to Fig. 1)

- Step 1 Remove rear panel of speaker cabinet.
- Step 2 Locate 8mH choke (the largest coil with an iron core) and the 150 μ F capacitor. These parts are to be removed and replaced with the 33mH choke and 50 μ F capacitor.
- Step 3 Mount the 33mH choke as illustrated.
- NOTE: In some early units the terminal connections may not be as illustrated. Proceed in the same manner as described.

(over)

McIntosh Laboratory Incorporated

S.8.

No.

N

ML-4C/4M S.B. No. 2

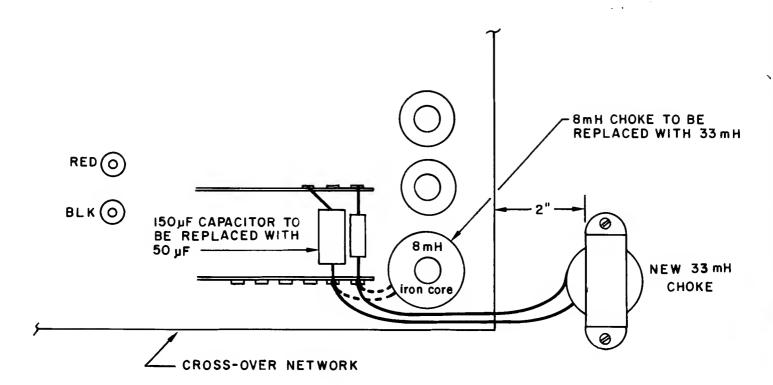


FIG. 1

